THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Grange W A clerk

Vol. LXI No. 19—E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, APRIL 11th, 1922.

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

Smart Street and Tailored Hats developed in Visca Cloth, Silk, Celephane, Hair Braids, etc.

Immensely attractive examples of the season's mode in street hats. They all display the daring lines, the verve and grace which mark them as fresh from the designer's hands.

HOSIERY.

Just arrived Silk, Lisle and Cotton Hosiery. All are made in out sizes and at prices to suit everyone's ideas.

CORSETS A SPECIALTY

The Leading Millinery House

SAP BUCKETS

Spiles. Sap Pans.

INTERNATIONAL GROFAST CALF MEAL

Stewart Horse Clippers

Dairy Pails and Strainer Pails

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

DO NOT--Send Your Cash Out of Town for Fencing !

I am prepared to meet any mail order price and excell it in quality.

Maple Cord Wood at $10 per Cord

at Dennis O'Connors, See him.

Hay, Grain and Seeds bought and sold. Car lots delivered at any station.

A car of Golden Rain and Banner Seed Oats here now. Get some of them.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

EMPIRE CAFE

John St., Napanee

Breakfast, 6.30.
Dinner, 11.30 to 2.30.
Supper, 5.30 to 7.30.

Lunches at all hours.

Special Price for Meals 45 Cents.

Meals by the week, $6.00.

FIRST-CLASS COOKING GOOD SERVICE

We sell Combination Meal Tickets $5.50 worth for $5.00.

Special Offer ! !

Famous Cadillac Electric Vacuum Cleaner, light, compact, effective. Your choice of cleaner with attachments, or a set of Limoges China (32 pieces) at former price of cleaner alone. Let us demonstrate for you.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Send your mail orders to WALLACE'S. Drug Store—they will receive attention immediately.

THE WORLD'S MIRROR

It's a gay old world when you're gay,
And a glad old world when you're glad,
But whether you play
Or go toiling away,
It's a sad old world when you're sad.

It's a grand old world if you're great,
And a mean old world if you're small ;
It's a world full of hate
For the foolish who prate
Of the uselessness of it all.

It's a beautiful world to see,
Or it's dismal in every zone ;
The thing it must be
In your bloom or your glee
Depend on yourself alone. ;

—S. E. Kiser

International Calf Meal—fresh supply at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

CAMDEN EAST

March certainly went out like a lion and left us with plenty of snow and slush.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. Fred Baker over the loss of their baby by death.

The many friends of Miss Beatrice Clay are glad to hear she is better again.

A number of the friends of Mrs. Baines and son Jim gathered at their home on Friday evening to spend a social evening with them before their departure for their new home at Wilton, and to present them with a purse of money as a slight token of esteem in which they are held in the community. Although it came as a surprise to them they responded well and asked their friends to come and see them in their new home. They will be greatly missed in the Methodist choir and all other church work. All join in wishing them prosperity in their new abode.

Born on Sunday, April 2nd, to Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Card, a daughter.

Mrs. A. Dickson has returned home after spending the past two months with friends at Chicago, Milwaukee and other cities.

The cheese factory has opened for the season.

Norman Rikley has gone to Havelock.

Mr. Baines and mother have moved to Robert Asselstine's farm near Wilton.

Mr. Hayes and family have moved out to Percy Wilson's house.

Several who have been on the sick list are improving.

YARKER

O. C. Hall has returned to Hornpayne after visiting friends and acquaintances for the past week.

All were sorry to hear of the recent death of Mrs. John Wilson, of Toronto. The body was brought to Camden East to await burial in the spring.

A large number attended the household sale of Mrs. Peter VanLuven.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Methodist parsonage on Wednesday, March 29th, when Ieta Gilligan, of Colebrooke, and Russell Holland, of Yarker, were united in the bonds of holy matrimony. The bride was very becomingly dressed in a sand-colored suit with hat to match, and was supported by Miss Idell Woodruff, of Colebrooke, while Percy Galbraith, Colebrooke, supported the groom. After the wedding they motored to Kingston, where Mr. and Mrs. Holland took the train for points west.

Little Grant Freeman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Freeman, is ill with pneumonia, with Drs. Oldham and Galbraith in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Wilson have moved into the property they recently purchased.

Damon Carroll is having some repairs done to his house.

Fred Laurence has secured a position in Kingston.

Rev. Mr. Dickson held services in the Anglican church each night last week.

Quite a number attended J. W. Salsbury's sale.

Miss Hattie Corde spent a few days at home.

Myles Oser, of Murvale, and Albert Pompkins, of Strathcona, were recent callers in the village.

Miss Orr, of Gananoque, is spending some time with her uncle, Seymour Burgess.

Cleaning house is the order of the day.

Manly Foster loaded two cars of logs and cedar for the Coopering Company and Kingston Street Railway.

A. A. Connolly has opened up his roadside which has been closed for the winter months.

The Yarker sports have organized a new baseball club.

Marshall VanLuven was a recent caller in the village.

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen for sale at WALLACE'S.

Farmers' Sales Notes

BRANCHES of this Bank in rural sections render valuable service to farmers by acting as custodian for their sales notes, or by discounting them and making collections when due.

Standard Service makes the farmer's financing easy.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Napanee Branch, - - - R. R. White, Manager

Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Marysville, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton, Kingston and Melrose.

NAPANEE SCHOOL BOARD

The Napanee Board of Education met in the council chamber, on Monday evening.

Members present — Chairman Alpine Woods, and Messrs. P. Gleeson, H. Daly, J. M. Thomson, S. R. Miller, J. L. Boyes, Geo. Thompson, E. J. Pollard.

A communication from Mr. E. J. Corkill, P. S. Inspector, in reference to medical and dental inspection in public schools, was read and fyled for future reference.

The Finance Committee reported recommending accounts of P. Gleeson $34.00, F. E. VanLuvan $34.00, and The Napanee Express $57.30, be paid. Report adopted.

Mr. Trenouth reported that the caretaker had used the ashes from the West Ward School furnaces to fill in a low spot in the grounds, and asked for a few loads of sand to complete the filling.

On motion the ashes were ordered covered with sand.

The principal's monthly report for March was presented.

Accounts for caretaker, 1921, $6.00 ; and W. F. Hall, postage, $8.00, were ordered paid.

Considerable discussion took place on the disparity between the grants given county schools and that given the town.

A communication from the School Board of Georgetown, inviting representatives to meet at Toronto on April 17th, was read, and on motion of Messrs. Woods and Boyes were appointed a deputation to meet in Toronto, also to attend the Ontario Educational Association.

Board adjourned.

Smoke your meat the new and easy way. Essence of smoke gives a delicious flavour, and is not offensive. For sale at WALLACE'S.

DO YOUR WHOLE DUTY

HELP RUSSIAN CHILDREN

Dr. Nansen, a reputable witness, has visited the interior of Russia and has told faithfully the story of distress that prevails there by reason of the absolute failure of the crops and the break down of the system of food distribution.

It will not do for us who are well fed and contenated to say that the plight of the Russians is none of our affairs. That is a selfish attitude and not at all in keeping with the feelings which animates the great majority of our people. Canadians have subscribed liberally to many worthy causes, but to none more worthy of support than the fund to save the lives of millions of children. Canada has escaped such visitations as a serious drought, and however our crops may fall short, there has never been an absolute famine has stalked through the land causing the loss of lives from actual starvation. Such a horor we could not contemplate.

Yet there are millions of women and children in Russia who are waiting for help because there is no food for them to eat and the adjoining provinces are so beset with difficulties that they are helpless to do more than keep off the fury of starving women and children reaches out to us who have plenty. They have taken an active response but the need is so great that even when we have done our utmost there will be much left undone.

Fancy a population four times as great as the number of souls in Canada who must be fed from this side, if they are to live. Those who have contributed are under the duty of contributing more. Those who have not before have now given to this great cause are not to be touched by the moans of the starving ? Are those who have already given satisfied that they have done enough ? The need is great. Let none fail to do his or her whole duty.

The Canadian Save the Children Fund, working in conjunction with a similar Britsh organization has undertaken to feed a number of these poor children. You can aid greatly in this work by sending your subscription to Sir George Burn, Treasurer, Elgin Building, Ottawa.

"It is one medicine that does all that's claimed for it." Thousands have said it about Tanlac and so will you if you try it. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

WILTON

Service in the Methodist church is to be held in the morning during the remainder of the year.

On Sunday morning, April 2nd, an interesting address on missionary work was given by Miss Turner, a returned missionary.

On Monday, April 3rd, the Wilton cheese factory opened for the season with Elridge Babcock as cheesemaker.

The farmers are busy in the sugar bush and all report an excellent supply of sap.

On Saturday afternoon Mrs. Lathan Clark entertained twenty-three little friends of Miss Catherine in honor of her birthday, and the little tots all had a very jolly time.

Edward Parrott and Miss Edith Shibley have recovered from pneumonia and will take up their studies at Odessa High School.

Lorenzo Buttan and son, Byard Buttan, Harrowsmith, have moved to the Robert Miller farm, lately purchased from A. F. Miller, of Kingston.

CONCESSIONS GRANTED FOR PICKEREL FISHING

Through the earnest endeavor of Mr. Charles W. Vandervoort, and his influence, the people of Napanee have been granted certain priveleges in the matter of fishing at the Napanee falls for this year, as the following letter will show :

Toronto, April 6th, 1922.

C. W. Vandervoort, Esq.,

Napanee, Ont.,

Dear Sir,—

Replying to your favor of the 3rd instant, I have to advise you that for the current year the Department will permit the taking of Pickerel (dore) under the authority of a Domestic Dip Net License in the waters of Napanee river. Such fish to be for domestic use and not for sale or barter.

There is no authority given for the Dominion Special Fishery Regulations for the Province of Ontario to drag or snag for fish with hooks, but residents may angle without the authority of a license with baited hooks providing the line does not carry more than three hooks.

Yours truly,

D. McDONALD,

Deputy Minister of Game and Fisheries.

Mr. Vandervoort was in Toronto on Monday and again visited the Minister of Game and Fisheries with the purpose in view of making it possible for more of our citizens to more easily secure the necessary license for catching these fish, by having the said licenses issued at Napanee, and the following telegram received by The Express on Monday evening, shows that his efforts have been successful :

Toronto, April 10th.

Napanee Express,—

Interviewed Mr. McDonald this afternoon. He is sending Mr. Coffee to Napanee on Wednesday afternoon to issue Domestic Licenses to all applicants. He will be at Royal Hotel. Will have further information re sucker fishing in few days.

Yours truly,

C. W. VANDERVOORT.

BATH

Miss Gladys Topliff, who has been teaching at Tofield, is recovering from a severe illness at the home of her sister, Mrs. Ferguson.

Mrs. Albert Hoselton and baby have returned from visiting with friends at Brownville, N.Y.

Miss Palmer, a returned missionary, gave very interesting addresses in the Methodist church on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of last week.

Bernard Brown, of Brockville, spent a few days with friends here.

Mrs. Jones is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine.

Several from here attended the variety shower given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Hagerman at McIntyre's Corners for Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Hagerman.

A meeting was held in the town hall on Monday evening, April 3rd, to explain the hydro electric system. Mr. Iler was the speaker.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hamilton have moved to Kingston.

Harry Mott, of Napanee, spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mott.

Mr. Lyons of the Royal Bank staff, has been transferred to the branch at Seeley's Bay.

Muresco for tinting walls and ceilings comes in twenty beautiful shades, all colors,—at WALLACE'S Drug Store. It covers over wallpaper.

BETHEL

Sugar making is the general topic of the day.

The trapping season has opened with the recent thaw. Several trappers report good success catching muskrats and minks, which are very plentiful, considering the number of fur hunters.

There is much discussion over the milk problem this spring. The question is, Where are you going to send your milk ? Some are going to Napanee condensory, while others are sending to Camden East and Yarker cheese factories.

Miss Dorothy Hamilton spent over night with her aunt, Mrs. Albert Salsbury, River Road.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Allen spent Wednesday evening last with his sisters and aunt, who are leaving for California.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hamilton were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Freeman recently.

An interesting talk on missionary work was given by Miss Turner, the W.M.S. missionary, at Camden East, on Sunday evening last.

Rev. T. Latimer, Wilton, took tea at Fred McWilliams' on Wednesday, evening last.

Miss Gertrude Hill spent the week-end at her home in Newburgh.

SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

Have your hand read by a scientific (lady) palmist. Has read the hands of hundreds of distinguished people. Here Tuesday, April 11th, for one week. Campbell House, Room 31. Hours 10 to 12 ; 2 to 5 ; 7 to 9.30. Terms, $1.00.

SIR ALLEN AYLSWORTH

(Toronto Daily Star, April 6th)

To-night's debate at the Board of Trade between Sir Allen Aylesworth and Gordon Waldron on the right of appeal to the privy council ought to be a good show—not funny, but fine. Neither of the gladiators is a humorist on his legs. Gordon Waldron smiles wi' deeficulty, and laughs with positive pain. He gives the impression of a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief. Various explanations of his sardonic preeminence have been suggested. One is that he has never ceased to mourn because he left the paternal farm in Huron county. To his intimates, who are few, but sincere, he lets it be known that he left the farm for the good of the farm ; proof whereof is forthcoming in his beneficient and wholly unsolicited scriptorship for the U. F. O. and the U. F. Co-operative Company and the Farmers' Publishing Company. He likes to feel that he has saved the Morrisonian children from many a sneare—a justifiable feeling, but it doesn't explain his unconquerable solemnity.

Another suggested reason for Gordon's perennial gloom is said to be the influence of the climate of the northern part of the southern half of this hemisphere, in which he once owned fortune. The Caribbean hinterland didn't suit him. He had already lived in Toronto. To properly constituted souls Toronto Bay is not that Saskatchewan is to those who have lived in proximity to its banks. Once taste Saskatchewan water, with its ingredients of sand, and wherever you wander, thereafter, you will come back to the dream whose name being interpreted means swift-flowing water. Once a Torontonian, always a Torontonian, if you don't come back to Toronto, you want to.

SIR ALLEN is a farmer's boy of another sort. His farmer father, whose life extended into the nineties, was an Addington county farmer. The family has all the flavor of the U. E. L. tradition ; which may explain why he still cherishes the doctrines of the inalienable rights of approach to the foot of the throne. There is really more poetry than truth in it ; for, be you never so innocent, you can't get by the foot of the gallows in Canada to the foot of the throne in Buckingham Palace. Time was when Sir Allen was regarded as first among the eminent Canadian firsters, who would take nothing from Downing street, preferring to confer honors on Norway and Sweden, for instance.

Everybody remembers the Alaskan Boundary award and the Aylsworth belligerent relation thereto. He loves not the Americans for their temperment, as becomes the most famous scion of a United Empire Loyalist family. His statesmanship, he regards them as a nation of horse-traders. Put forward a claim, based on the right that is best, as any one of the ten commandments, he says, and they will put forward another which, ten to one, is based on nothing but a piece of whole cloth.

Lord Alverstone's reputed surrender of Canadian right and interest in the Alaska boundary to Bull's comfort in the company of Uncle Sam made lots of people hereabouts furious—among them Sir Allen. The prevailing temper was delightfully reflected in a McConnell cartoon. In the background were the American eagle and the British lion. In the foreground was the Canadian beaver, hat in paw, and hustling from their company, he said : "You fellows can scream and roar as much as you like ; but I'm going home to dam."

Sir Allen, whose brain, at sixty-seven, justifies the magnificence of his dome, was looked upon as a lame-duck. In his late-maturity, though, he fares forth as chief cleaver of the trail to the Privy Council. Whatever can be said for theatrical throne-footing, Sir Allan will say, and say it mighty well. He has a perfectly marvelous exposition of the Englishman who just heard him in the House of Commons, while he was minister of justice, on the power development of part of the Long Sault Rapids by Americans, who were horse-traders, indeed, said that every Tom, Dick and Harry was drug in the St. Lawrence, and every factor in the situation, were made as clear to him, as distilled St. Lawrence water—by contrast, the discourse on the same subject, of the Doherty who succeeded Sir Allen in the cabinet, was so involved as to be incomprehensible, though, with Hansard and patience afterwards, it could be discovered that Doherty's interminable sentences began, continued and ended, perfectly syntaxically, involution tying it with invention without a stumble or break.

As a politician Sir Allen was not an overwhelming success, though a minister of justice, he was well-nigh perfect. His devotion to the Privy Council may savor of jurisprudential conservatism, avowed Liberal though he be. That he isn't really scared of forward-looking may be judged from his enthusiastic support of Mackenzie King as Laurier's successor. A fine man, a great lawyer, a sincere patriot, his difference from Ramsay and Waldron notwithstanding.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Dairy pails, milk cans, and all dairy supplies at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Always Delicious Always Refreshing

"SALADA"

TEA

Sold in sealed aluminum packets only Never in Bulk.

BLACK-GREEN-MIXED

Prosperity's Corner-Stone

THE first deposit in your bank account is the corner stone of your prosperity, and by regularly and systematically adding to your savings a substantial reserve is steadily built and a future of comfort and independence assured. Lay the corner stone of your prosperity now by opening a savings account at our nearest branch.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH - - - G. PATTEN CARR, Manager

Roblin Branch open Thursdays, Fridays, from Nov. 16, to April 30.

CHAS. STEVENS

Agent for the Northwest Fire Insurance Company.

This company is guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, England.

Office opposite Bell Telephone Office, Napanee, Ont. 19-1y

R. V. McLAUGHLIN, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Painless Extraction

Gas or Local Anaesthetic

Phone 10 Napanee

11-3m

DR. G. H. HOLLINGSHEAD, D.C.,

Chiropractor

Consultation, Free.

Hours : 9 a.m. to 12 noon ; 1 p.m. till 6 p.m. ; 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Cor. Bridge and East Streets, NAPANEE

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Thomas Symington, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914., Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Thomas Symington, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Gentleman, deceased, who died on or about the 3rd day of February A. D., 1922, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to T. B. German, Napanee, Ontario, Executor for Julia Victoria Symington and Thomas Symington, Executors of the last will and testament of the said Thomas Symington, deceased, on or before the 15th DAY OF APRIL, A.D., 1922, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, the said executors may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

T. B. GERMAN,

Solicitor for the said Executors.

Dated this 6th day of March, 1922. 14-d

OF SUCH IS THE KINGDOM

The millions of children who are fighting for their lives in the famine stricken fields of Russia are of the same flesh and bone as the little ones who play about our streets under the protection of the laws and precepts which decree that none shall be permitted to perish from neglect.

Following spiritual precedent the christian world has ever regarded it as a solemn duty to guard the welfare of beings who look upon God after them selves. Our children are our first thought.

"Women and children first" is the rule of the sea when a vessel is to be abandoned. What would be thought of the man who would neglect the life-boat to the concession of some helpless tot on the sinking ship ? Is it not then the solemn duty of every Canadian to do his share unstinted, no obligation unfulfilled to rescue as many of the children of Russia from death from starvation as it is within their means to do ?

Can we afford to do less for the children of Russia because they are Russians than we would do for children elsewhere ?

Send your subscription to Sir George Burn, Treasurer of the Canadian Committee of the Save the Children Fund, Ottawa, or hand it to your church, bank, or other local organization.

At H. W. Kelly's grocery you can get a good 4 string broom for 39 cents. Sweet, juicy Oranges, 40 cents a doz. Comfort, Surprise or P. & G. Soap 10 bars for 72 cents. New car of Purity Flour just in. If you want Flower or Vegetable seeds we have a new lot just in. Fresh lettuce and celery Now don't forget about your coffee. When you want something good, try KELLY'S famous blend. Highest price paid for eggs.

Campbell House Corner

International Calf Meal—fresh supply at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown. 11-3-m

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Large brick house and barn. Apply to U. M. WILSON, Napanee. 5-tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

FOR SALE—Yearling Shorthorn bull, heifers, 2 years old ; calves, male and female ; March wheat. Apply to MARK HAWLEY. 15-cp

FOR SALE—Roughcast bungalow situate on the west side of Centre street, Napanee. Built 1921. All modern conveniences. For further particulars apply at law office of U. M. WILSON, Napanee, Ont. 15

PASTURE FOR SEASON 1922—On the Foster ranch, Kaladar. Price $2.50 for yearlings, $3.00 for older cattle, for season. Will drive them out, owner to bring them home. Address JAS. FOSTER, Kaladar, or W. L. VANDEBOGART, Napanee. 17-1

FOR SALE —Beautiful two storey brick dwelling, centre town, all modern conveniences, could be made into apartments, owner leaving town, must sell, a bargain at $4000.00. Half Cash. All kinds of farms and houses in town for sale. F. P. BOGART. 17-1

FOR SALE — White Blossom Sweet Clover, thoroughly recleaned and government tested. $4.50 per bushel F.O.B. Fraserville, Ont. Any quantity ; bags thirty cents extra. Cash or cash with order. JOHN DOUGLAS, 591 Water St., Peterboro, Ont. 19-1

NOTICE!

This is to announce that J. E. WALKER late of Kingston, is again in Napanee, prepared to do electric work of any kind. If you contemplate any changes kindly call or drop a card and I will be pleased to measure up your property and submit an absolutely reasonable estimate of your requirements Free. In consideration of Hydro Electric Co. campaign I will for the same period accept a 10 per cent. discount in addition to our rock bottom prices on all or any tenders at present out and future prices will receive same consideration.

J. E. WALKER,

'Phone 350. P.O. Box 528.

You will be delighted if you call and see our stock of lovely Blouses and Dresses.

MRS. J. SAGAR.

PARLIAMENTARY LETTER

Through the medium of Henry Wise Wood, organizing genius of the United Farmers of Alberta, the House of Commons is getting a very good idea of the wants of the western farmers. The man from Missouri," as Mr. Wood is frequently called, has been before the committee of agriculture talking on the need of a Wheat Board for handling the 1922 crop of the prairie provinces, and Mr. Wood gave ample evidence of the fact that he, at least, knows what he is talking about. Knows what he wants, and is going to stay right moving heaven and earth but that he is going to get what he wants.

Mr. Wood told a story of hardships among the western farmers during the past two or three years. They have been laboring, he said, under adverse conditions. Their costs of production had gone up while their receipts went down, and to-day they were faced with bankruptcy. Their hope of salvation this year lay in the re-establishment of the Wheat Board which in 1919 got the farmers a good price for their wheat and at the same time caused not a cent of outlay to the country. On the other hand the Board turned over $7,500,000 to the government at the close of its work.

The consumer was not mulcted of one cent, so advocates of the Board declare, yet the farmers received some $50,000,000 more for their total wheat crop than they otherwise would have done. And now, in the hope of repeating that miracle they asked that the Board be reappointed with James Stewart at the head of it.

* * *

There are, of course, other witnesses before the Agricultural Committee, but Mr. Wood tells the main part of the farmers' story while the others from the Canadian Council of Agriculture join in the chorus. That his statement of present conditions in the west is not overdrawn is borne out by every western member in the House, and that the people of western Canada want the Wheat Board is very definitely certain, but still, even in the ranks of the Progressives themselves it is possible to find Doubting Thomas', who wonder.

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Let your boy or girl study nature, and let a Brownie or Kodak make nature study a double pleasure. Kodaks and Brownies for sale at WALLACE'S.

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils still be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

ROYAL HOTEL **BARBER SHOP**
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
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H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
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PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St. between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN, DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

Because of the importance of the Wheat Board, the progressive members of the House, the Agriculture Committee is almost as important in its work at present as is the House itself. There are signs of trouble brewing on one or two points in that committee and there will be many interesting meetings and challenges of witnesses. The House now has before it a report from the committee asking for wider powers. The Committee was handed the Council of Agriculture memorandum and told to work on that. But some of its members declared that they must also go further and consider other means of marketing besides the Wheat Board, and that they wanted power to discuss these things. The Progressive members generally were agreed to that, but they wanted first to thresh out the Wheat Board, and then if they had to, talk over alternative plans of marketing. The result was a divided committee on the question of wider powers, and the certainty of a fight on the matter when the report comes before the House of Commons.

The question has also been raised as to the constitutionality of the government appointing a Wheat Board of any kind, and some of the members objected to going ahead in committee until that was settled. Andrew McMaster, Liberal member for Brome, brought that matter to a head by moving to refer a stated case to the Supreme Court, and there that matter stands. The committee adopted Mr. McMaster's motion and will ask for a speedy judgment.

Before the committee finishes it will hear the members of the former Wheat Board, the grain exchanges and millers' associations and other bodies interested. Whether the outcome will be a Wheat Board remains to be seen.

* * *

Another committee which is starting out on a series of busy sessions is that dealing with pensions and re-establishment of returned soldiers. H. M. Marler, of St. Lawrence-St. George Division of Montreal, was chosen chairman of the committee and Dr. A. W. Chisholm, Inverness, vice-chairman. The only string tied to the committee's finger by the government, apparently, was the request of the Minister of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, Dr. J. S. Boland, that the committee seek to get to the bottom of the whole problem, hear everybody whom it thought would help, and then bring in a report which, in their opinion was in the best interests of all classes of returned men and all other Canadian citizens. Now the committee has started to work and is being deluged with petitions and private requests. Bunches of individual cases will have to be reviewed and there will undoubtedly be many complaints against the present acts covering the different phases of re-establishment. These will all have to be sifted down and practical suggestions for amending the acts brought in.

* * *

The resolution to create the Department of National Defence went through the House and the bill based on it has reached the committee stage with the prospect of somewhat stiff opposition to the proposal to include the Mounted Police among the defence forces. This opposition is coming from the Conservatives, who say that otherwise they have no fault to find with the amalgamation. The objection raised is that the Mounted Police would be brought under the Militia Department will lose caste with the people of the country, and in answer to that the Liberals and the Progressives have joined in reminding the Conservatives that the Mounted Police have been more caste through being used as spies and strike breakers than they can possibly lose through being attached to the defence forces of the country.

* * *

The interim supply having been reduced in the vote from one-fourth to one-sixth of the total estimates, has gone through both Houses and has received the royal assent. Now the government is assured against embarassment when the next civil service pay day arrives and the Senators have time enough until after Easter. The Conservative objections when the bill was re-introduced Monday were formal and somewhat perfunctory, and when Mr. Fielding agreed to the reduction they ended.

* * *

The Civil Government estimates are going through fairly rapidly, now that the hold-up of the labor vote is ended, and the session is progressing along nicely into the Easter adjournment, with only an occasional flurry through the staging of an unforseen debate on one subject or another. The order paper is filled with a host of questions and private members' resolutions, and the government is allowing three days a week to get these out of the way before the budget comes down after the recess. It is expected that it will be ready within a week or two after the House resumes, and that it will carry with it some welcome changes in taxation proposals. Farm machinery and necessary food and wearing apparel which must be imported are expected to be favored in the tariff revision which the government is able to make on such short notice as it has had, but it is believed that the questions of a general revision must certainly wait until another session.

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Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

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Many women now use Day Dream Toilet Water as a perfume exclusively. It has such a delicate refreshing fragrance, and is so lasting. For sale only at WALLACE'S.

Tanlac is a splendid tonic for puny, frail, delicate children. It is purely vegetable and contains no minerals or opiates. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

The Cough Killer is Busy!
Coughs and Colds destroyed by the thousand every day. Instant relief from your suffering guaranteed by taking
Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture
The remedy which is twenty times stronger than any other on the market.
Money back if it fails to give relief
40 Doses for 25c
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W. K. BUCKLEY, LIMITED 142 Mutual St. Toronto

Sold in Napanee by Wallace's Drug Store, Limited

RICHMOND COUNCIL

April 3rd, 1922.

The council met in the town hall in Selby.

The members were all present, the Reeve presiding.

Minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by W. J. Schermerhorn, Jr., seconded by W. J. Gollinger, and that the following bills for snow shovelling be paid: Walter Woodcock, $2.00; Wm. Herrington, $1.60; Dan. Jaynes, $2.20; Robert Taylor, $3.00; W. Graham, $2.27; Fred Armstrong, $7.30; Charles Vanalstine, $3.10. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, and seconded by S. S. Brown, that Frank O'Connell be paid $4.00 for opening side road between lots 6 and 7, in con. 7, and for damage to fence. Carried.

Moved by J. Schermerhorn, Jr., seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that Pat. Jordan's bill for $5.00 for opening roads south of separate school be paid. Carried.

Moved by S. S. Brown, seconded by Schuyler French, that John N. Richmond's tender to furnish gravel for gravel pit township machinery at $13.50 per 10 hours be accepted, and a by-law be drafted for same. Carried.

Moved by John Schermerhorn, Jr., seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that By-law No. 697 receive its first reading, be signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by S. S. Brown, seconded by W. J. Schermerhorn, Jr., that the Assessor's Roll for 1922 be accepted. Carried.

Moved by John Schermerhorn, Jr., seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that this council refund Charles Kimmett $1.50 overcharge in statute labor. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Schermerhorn, Jr., seconded by S. S. Brown, that we accept Jas. L. Richmond's tender for road engineer at $3.00 per day for year 1922. Lost.

A communication was received from Sam. Smith re roads near his farm. This was referred to engineer.

A statement was received from R. G. Muir, chief engineer of Municipal Audits, showing the amount of government subsidy due our township on expenditure carried out on township roads during year 1921. As cheque for this amount, $2,124.59 will be forwarded in a few days from the Treasury Department.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, and seconded by S. S. Brown, that the following accounts be paid: Mrs. Money, aid for April, $5.00; Mrs. Dafoe, aid for April, $5.00; and for Wm. Lloyd and family for month of March, $5.53. Carried.

Council adjourned to meet in May.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

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THE PRODUCTION OF CORN

Its History and Development and Recently Discovered Pest.

The Deputy Minister of Agriculture for the Dominion, Dr. J. H. Grisdale, in a recent address dealt with the history, production and utilization of corn, and tells of the devastating spread of the European corn borer in the principal corn-growing districts of this province. Early explorers in the northern half of America, as far back as Columbus in 1498, record the fact that vast fields of corn were grown by the aborigines. European settlers perpetuated its cultivation. The types grown in those early days where the same as they are to-day, excepting for the new varieties created from them, namely, the Flint and the Dent, the first named being used by the Indians for making of hominy and similar foods, and the latter for flour. The Indians also appear to have enjoyed the roasted ear. To-day the United States crop of corn runs annually from two and a half to three billion bushels of grain and from thirty-five to over forty million tons of ensilage or forage, most of the latter being stored in half a million silos. Canada's crop of corn is over fifteen million bushels of grain from which production produces close to seven-eights, and six million tons of forage stored in between fifty and sixty thousand silos.

Dr. Grisdale told of the cultural experiments with corn that have been carried on at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, detailing the cost of cultivation, and showing that the average yield per acre for four years was 16.40 tons and the profit per acre, $34.21. The advantages of growing corn for ensilage in Canada are, he said, its cheapness and succulence for feed, the large return per acre, best crop on which to apply manure, for cleaning land and for breaking up a sod field, easiest crop to harvest as to weather conditions, most cheaply housed, most easily handled in feeding, best for supplementing dry pastures and to help in inducing cattle to consume coarse and poor roughage, and the crop that permits the carrying of most live stock per acre. Turning to the corn-borer, Dr. Grisdale stated that in all 100 townships in Ontario, covering an area comprising 7,880 square miles, are known to be invested, and urged farmers to co-operate in control of this very serious pest by following instructions given in Leaflet No. 16, "The Control of the European Corn-borer" obtainable on application to the Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Racing Dogs of the North

For the second year in succession C. B. Morgan's team of dogs has won The Pas Derby, the most important race for sled dogs in the world. The former record for the race of 240 miles was thirty-one hours. This year the journey was made in less than twenty-five hours, which is astonishing time, and it is probable that the weather conditions were perfect. Whether the same dogs that were used last year formed the teams, we are not told, but we are told that the race is considered to have established the fact that specially-trained racing dogs are better for racing than working dogs, a fact which hardly seemed to need verification. The race has become so important, both in the money prizes, which amounts to $2,500, and because of the honor attaching to it, that dogs are specially pointed for the event like race horses. The idea that a team of the trail could beat a specially-prepared team in this race is hardly more reasonable than that a horse could be taken out of the shafts of a butcher cart and run successfully in the Derby.

Jack London's famous Alaska musher, Walter Goyne, known as the "Going Kid," who helped boom The Pas Dog Race Derby. He won the event in 1920 and was a strong competitor in 1921, but lost because his dogs were not in the best condition. Goyne has been training for years and at the age of eleven won his first race at Ruby, Alaska, against a field of veterans. It might not be an exaggeration to call Goyne the Ty Cobb of dog racing. He introduced the light Alaskan racing sleigh, with harness lightened to the limit of safety. It was demonstrated that the saving in weight in a race where the dogs were stretched to the utmost of endurance was just as important as the difference of a stone or so on a horse's back. Formerly the custom was to use five dogs, which is the usual team for a dog sleigh, but there is now no limit, so long as the racer comes back with the same number of dogs he started with. From ten to fourteen are commonly used. They are hitched by means of a pole rope leading out from the sleigh, to which each is attached by a trace. This method prevents them from tangling and lessens the prospects of fighting.

In the Far North the usual food of dogs is frozen fish, not because it is the natural food of a dog, but because it is the most easily carried on long trips. Since special attention has been given to racing dogs, steak has been provided. The Morgan dogs were fed three times on the trip, half-cooked balls of minced meat and tallow forming their diet. The dogs being unused to such sumptuous fare, put forth their best efforts in the knowledge that they will be rewarded with the greatest prize known to a husky, namely, a juicy steak. A kind word or a pat on the head means nothing much to them. They are also much like wolves in their affection and notice such as we give them. Hard words are usually the only table delicacy the writer in the New York World who knows The Pas and the dog races says that the husky knows his master and appreciates his kindness, which is rather sparingly doled out to him, but is treacherous with strangers.

We learn from this writer, Mr. Reece H. Hague, that upon the lead dog depends the work of the whole team. The lead dog, therefore, is valued highly and we dare say a first-class one would command a price that would not disgrace some of the stallions which are bred for show purposes. Great care and patience are bestowed on the education of this animal, which must be strong, fleet and wise in the racing game. The position of the lead dog is not an enviable one, because the other dogs in the team show a curious jealousy of him, and if they have an opportunity are likely to set upon him and kill him. A few weeks ago a Mounted Police sergeant and The Pas had a good team ruined when two of his dogs broke loose in the night and attacked the leader, which was unable to break his chain. In the morning he was found dead, although he had severely mauled his antagonists.

It is by no means uncommon for two teams running abreast to get into a fight, with often disastrous results to the harness. They are vicious fighters and a scrap of a couple of minutes might easily render a dog unfit for work. In the Derby neither dogs nor driver sleep. In the last race the only halt was one of an hour, after a journey of one hundred miles, and two other brief intervals, when the dogs were changed. The driver alternately runs behind the sleigh and jumps aboard it when he is tired. His dogs are urged by voice and a long whip, the voice being aided by the old farm shouts of "Gee!" and "Haw!" For real disciplinary purposes a short club is used, the dogs taking punishment as meekly as a mule, a wolf. The old drivers contend that these severe beatings are necessary to quell the dogs, which, unless thoroughly terrified of the consequences, might in certain circumstances turn upon their master and kill him.

A Rich Parish.

Rev. J. Bradford Pengelly, formerly of Woodstock, is the rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church in Ann Mich., which was recently bequeathed nearly $1,000,000, for the erection and maintenance of a home for orphaned and motherless children, built and operated by the rector and vestrymen of the church. Three thousand dollars was also left to St. Paul's Parish for the erection of a parish house. Robert J. Whaley, a pioneer lumberman who died recently, was the dopor.

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Paint! Paint!
Martin-Senour, 100 per cent. Pure Paints and Varnishes, have made a reputation for themselves. Prices lower. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

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Vaccinate your cattle, and use the most reliable Blackleg Vaccine, namely, Parke Davis & Co.'s, it is sold in sealed tubes of 10 tablets, $1.00 a tube, at WALLACE'S Drug Store. Mail orders given prompt attention.

A LITERARY FRAUD.

Italians Are Laughing Over Daring "Americanata."

Over in Italy, they have a word "Americanata." In the field of social satire, it is used to describe any departure from convention or propriety that shows unlimited cheek, and is crowned with success in attaining its object. In criminology an "Americanata" is a combination of the same qualities and outcome with more or less reasonability. Literary Italy is all laughing at the latest "Americanata" of which it has been the victim, an "Americanata" in which Americans do not figure at all except in name.

In August, 1921, the Italian press was requested to publish the following announcement: "The James Hazen Dont Morgan Foundation, which suspended its award of prizes for the period of the war, has now reopened its office in Paris, and will present, within the next three months, its annual prize for the best production in Italian literature." The accompanying text stated the award at 50,000 lire, and invited authors to submit their manuscripts to a certain Berthier, whose address in Paris was furnished.

The news caused a flurry of excitement up and down the flanks of the Italian Parnassus. Fifty thousand lire was not a bad prospect in these days of depression. The fact also that the prize was to be restricted to Italian literature added zest and intensified interest on all hands.

Late in November, a news item was offered to the Italian papers which stated that the Morgan Dont prize of 50,000 lire had been awarded to the Venetian writer, Antonio Donnade Quattrini, as the star of the younger generation, whose talent offers a curious parallel with that of the famous Maxim Gorky. The appropriateness of this award is the more noteworthy from the fact that this young genius is the product of no didactic school (sic), has attended neither college nor other institutions of learning, and is a graduate only from the university of his own native intelligence."

In a few days booksellers began to receive, C. O. D., bundles containing copies of a novel, Le schiavo della Bellezza (The Slave of Beauty"), pp. 240, in 8vo., price 7 lire. On the cover was a green jacket with the announcement of the Morgan Prize awarded. The publishing house signed itself "Literary Publishing Company, Poste Restante, Milan."

It would show an extremely trustful disposition to suppose that such an event could long escape investigation from a host of disappointed aspirants to the "Morgan Prize." The "Literary Publishing Company" did not figure in the Business Directory of Milan, nor in the news from M. Berthier in Paris, novelists turned to the "Slave of Beauty" itself—apparently the work of an illiterate, who was ignorant of spelling and syntax, but who had caught some notion of the formulae of Guido da Verona. The newspapers now took a hand in the matter. Reporters were put on the trail of the "Morgan Prize" in Paris, in Milan, and in Venice.

M. Berthier was the first to materialize. He appeared at the door of a modest apartment in Paris to explain that he was a humble clerk who had been commissioned by an unknown man to forward a number of boxes to a certain lawyer, Paleologe Oriundi, in Venice. We give Mr. Oriundi's explanation almost verbatim. One day a man who introduced himself as Mr. K. (sic) Morgan came to his office and left in his (Oriundi's) care a cheque for 50,000 lire, a sum (so "Mr. Morgan" said) to be awarded in honor of the deceased J. P. Morgan to the best work in Italian literature during the year 1921. The man further said that Mr. Oriundi to go to Paris to supervise certain affairs of the "Morgan Foundation." There the attorney received orders simply to forward a number of boxes to Venice, which he did, through M. Berthier. In due course he returned to Venice, and eventually to the recipient of another letter announcing the award of the prize and requesting that the cheque be forwarded to Antonio Donnade Quattrini, the winner.

Who, meanwhile, is Antonio Donnade Quattrini? That is something which is still unknown. Mr. Quattrini was not to be found in any of the addresses mentioned in the correspondence with Mr. Oriundi. That is extra, however, is evidenced by the fact that the latter must have received numberless letters from him, threatening suits for slander, denouncing his critics, and defending the qualities of the "Slave of Beauty." Indeed, to show the legitimacy of the 50,000 lire award, he has issued, through the same "Literary Publishing House, Milan," a new book, called the "Psychology of Terror an Essay of Despotism and Suggestion," where he presents a philosophy of "arrivism" and defends the thesis that "an author ought to use the same methods in advertising his produce that have been made familiar by our chocolate and coffee kings and by our manufacturers of shoeblacking."

While the Department of Justice is trying to locate Mr. Antonio Donnade Quattrini, those booksellers who refused "The Slave of Beauty" C. O. D. are tearing their hair with rage. Curio hunters are buying the book in batches. The general impression is that while Mr. Quattrini may be a bit shy on spelling, he has loads of talent in other ways.

A Children's Hymn.

One of the most famous of children's hymns, "I Think When I Read That Sweet Story of Old," was written many years ago by a young English woman, Jemima Thompson.

Lace.

Lace was known at Venice at an early period. It was not unknown to the Greeks and Romans. To protect the native article the importation in England was prohibited in 1483.

Packing Boxes.

Packing boxes made of properly seasoned wood are found to resist rough handling six to ten times as well as those made of green wood. The reason is that the fibres of the moist wood shrink away from the nails as the wood dries, and so lose their grip.

Quicksands.

Quicksands are generally due to springs finding an outlet under a bed of sand. The rising water keeps the grains of sand from adhering to one another so as to form a compact substance.

SURPRISE
A PURE HARD **SOAP**
Surprise Soap

A Big Bar
A full-size, full-weight, solid bar of good soap is "SURPRISE." Best for any and all household use.

The Frontenac Lumber Co.
HARD AND SOFT WOOD, LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, SASH and DOORS, BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS
CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY
Office: Dundas Street
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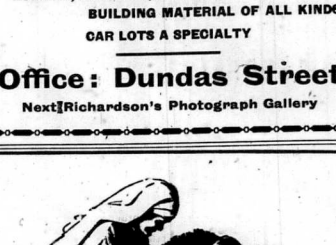

A Life for a Dollar

NEVER was human life so cheap as it can be bought today in the famine districts of Russia.

$1 will save a child's life by providing food for a month.

$10 will save ten children from starvation.

$500 will establish a kitchen and feed 100 children until the next harvest.

Will you save a life with a dollar?

Could any other dollar you have—or ever hope to have—bring such soul-satisfying returns?

Wouldn't you sleep better—feel better—be better—if you knew that a dollar of yours saved a child's life?

Only—anything you do to save the children of Russia in their desperate fight against death from starvation, must be done **at once.** Won't you send the dollar NOW? A child's life depends on it.

Cheques and money orders may be forwarded through your bank or local committee or sent direct to Sir George Burn, Treasurer, Save the Children Fund, Elgin Bldg., Ottawa.

Save the Children Fund

Hon. President: HON. W. L. MACKENZIE KING, C.M.G.

Hon. Vice-Presidents:
RT. HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN HON. T. A. CRERAR
HON. RODOLPHE LEMIEUX

Swallows' Long Flight.

Long-distance flights by birdmen have long been anticipated by the birds themselves. Recent proof of their endurance and wanderlust comes in a report from Cape Town, which says that five swallows have been traced recently from hangars in England to temporary homes in South Africa. These birds were ringed as nestlings, and found by a happy chance at the other end of the world. One nestling, ringed in Lancashire, was found in Cape Province in February of the next year; another, ringed in Yorkshire, was reported in the next March in Orange Free State. Another, ringed in Yorkshire, was recovered in East Griqualand-the following February; the fourth swallow, this time an adult, ringed in Staffordshire, was recovered in Natal nineteen months afterwards; the fifth bird, ringed on June 1, 1919, in Stirlingshire, was found in February, 1920, at Lake Chrissie.

Leather Supplies.

Skins of uncommon animals, including alligators, lizards, walruses, pythons, and numerous kinds of alligators and crocodiles are now being used for making women's footwear.

The United States has some 240,000 miles of railroads, and 2,500,000 miles of common road.

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Garden Seeds.

A complete line of "Rennie's Good Seeds" just in.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

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As a guarantee of purity buy your drugs under the "Pure Test" label. For example, don't just ask for "Castor Oil," specify "Pure Test" and you will get the highest grade possible to obtain. Pure Test Drugs for sale in Napanee, only at WALLACE'S.

BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT THIS OFFICE

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.

WOOD
Blocks, Cordwood, Hardwood Slabs, stove lengths or 4 ft.
Flour, Feed, Groceries, Salt.
S. CASEY DENISON,
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

"Papering" Melon Fields.

In Wenatchee, Washington, they are covering the fields with roofing paper, cutting out round holes for the melon hills. It is found that this practice all round is smoothered, and there is a 50 per cent. saving in labor for cultivation and irrigation.

Camphor at Formosa.

Camphor production is the most interesting industry of the island of Formosa. This island is said to hold a practical monopoly in the world's market of this valuable drug. A single average tree will yield about $6,000 worth of camphor.

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Copalline Varnish for floors, linoleum, and furniture. For sale only at WALLACE'S.

DUELS BECOME A SPORT

HOW THEY ARE REGARDED BY HUNGARIANS.

Although Laws Have Been Made Against These Fights In Defence of a Man's So-called Honor, They Remain Popular, and Leading Politicians Take Part In Several In the Course of Every Month.

Minister of Justice Tomcsany of Hungary has fought three duels within a week. As there is a life-imprisonment for duelling and a murder charge if a duellist kills his opponent, it may seem odd that the chief administrator of laws should be so active a duellist himself. But, laws or no laws, if Tomcsany refused to fight he could not remain in political life. Duelling is epidemic in Hungary, and almost all the duels are political. After every sitting of the Parliament there are five or six duels. The duelling list between the biggest men in the body, and a party leader can hardly expect to get through the session without fighting a dozen. Some fights are serious, such as Tomcsany, Count Battiany or Rakowsky, probably will fight thirty duels apiece this year.

The slightest remark in the Parliament which could possibly reflect upon some other member results in a challenge. Odon von Bentlay, the leader of the Legitimists, was recently called upon to fight three duels in one day. The New York World's Budapest correspondent has frequently seen political duels, as well as private duels — which also are getting to be more common than they used to be. For instance, the duelling column in the Budapest papers, which is published daily under a standing head, is the first part of the paper everybody in Budapest turns to at the breakfast table. The general public is interested in every successful blow and the opponents are greeted on the street by their friends with comments on their good or bad swordsmanship. For nearly all duels are fought with sabres. When occasionally a duel is fought with pistols, old duelling pistols which have no sights are used. Of the two the sabre is the more deadly.

The World correspondent witnessed one of Minister Tomcsany's duels. It took place in a fencing hall where most of these duels are fought. The combatants were first in separate rooms, where they stripped to tights and tennis shoes, their only protection being bandages about the jugular veins. This protection is not always given, but in political duels it almost always is. The seconds measured the distance while the doctors prepared bandages, restoratives, medicine, etc. The combatants stood back to back four yards apart and at the word swung around and began slashing at each other according to the rules of sabre fighting. As both men were practiced sabre fighters, neither drew blood for three minutes of hard fighting. Tomcsany finally got in a blow across his opponent's upper arm, immediately the doctors stopped the fight, closed the wound, and said the duel could not go on as one man was incapacitated. This, incidentally, they always do as soon as blood is seriously drawn.

It sometimes happens, as the correspondent has seen, that two duellists have been so equally matched that they have fought to exhaustion after hours of action without drawing blood. These political duels are unnecessary, even childish, and can be avoided if one wishes. The distinguished Count Apponyi, for instance, has been a member of the Hungarian Parliament fifty years, and never has fought a duel. He has always kept his head and never has made a remark which could be stretched into an insult. This was courtesy, however, not due to fear of a duel. It is difficult to keep out of a duel in Hungary. What with the narrow interests that have come about since the war, and the troubles over the throne question, there are so many duels in one can hardly count on them. They occur over the most trivial matters.

One evening recently an English officer in mufti was sitting with a cabaret singer. A Hungarian next to him kept jiggling his chair. The former asked politely enough if his neighbor could not refrain from this motion a little. A slight altercation arose, but passed off quietly. So the Englishman was surprised to be challenged to a duel the next day. He wanted to laugh it off, but the seconds of the other man insisted, so he had to accept. Otherwise he could hardly have remained there. He chose the pistols and the duel was arranged. At the word "Fire!" he shot into the ground. Seeing this the Hungarian fired his remaining two shots into the ground, and the affair was quite satisfactorily settled.

Elephants.

Stories of how an elephant occasionally upsets a circus are not uncommon, but one rarely hears of an orgy of destruction like that which occurred in the Malay peninsula. A herd of wild elephants entered the railway station, pulling down the station master's kitchen and bathroom. They did the same to the clerk's quarters and then visited the station while the office force looked on from trees. One elephant took off an automatic weighing machine as a souvenir of the raid, but finding it heavy, threw it down on the track. One of the elephants trumpeted the recall and they all went back into the jungle except one who fell in a well and had to be got out by human aid, but was not detained. By the time help arrived after a general telegraphic alarm the huge beasts had entirely disappeared.

In a wild state the horse lives to be from 35 to 40 years old, while the domestic horse is old at 25 years.

THE TALLEST MONUMENT.

Names of Famous People Given to Mountains.

America was called not after Columbus or Cabot, its first discoverers, but after a later comer, Americo Vespucci, and it is the most notable instance of a man's name being immortalized in this way. There are some living people who have had this compliment paid to them, so that even if history fails to keep their memory green, geography will do them that service.

There is a mountain in the Antarctic continent named Mount Asquith, another named Mount Harcourt, and still another Mount Henry Lucy, after the famous "Toby, M.P."

Certainly one would rather have this sort of everlasting monument than a paltry statue which may be unrecognizable in a few centuries. They do this sort of thing in the Dominions, where "Ki-Wonk-ki" and few unnamed natural features, as Deakin Mountain testifies in Australia and Ward Mountain in New Zealand, named after Sir Joseph.

The late Captain Scott gave Shackleton's name to an inlet, and that intrepid explorer has in his commander back in the same coin by naming a mountain after him. Major Leonard Darwin is also immortalized in this way, as he deserves to be for his work as president of the Royal Geographical Society.

Shackleton, as he is a perfect right to do, enshrined his family in the Antarctic, for his son Raymond has a mighty peak to his name, Mount Cecily is called after another child, and Mount Emily after the explorer's widow.

Fighting the Ice Fiend.

Many of the Northern European seaports are icebound for three or four months on end in winter, and trade would be at a dead standstill if it were not for the use of specially designed vessels to cut a narrow channel through the ice and to keep it open.

These vessels, which are known as ice-breakers, are, naturally, immensely powerful. The bows of an ordinary ship would crumple up like paper if she were driven at full speed against thick ice; those of the ice-breaker are reinforced, and her forward end is nearly as strong as that of a battleship. She must have huge engines, also, to enable her to thrust her way through.

To see an ice-breaker at work is an extraordinary sight. She rushes full tilt at the ice, and cleaves her way through it for a yard or two; then her bows mount up on to the ice, and for a moment it looks as if the whole ship was coming out of the water. She remains poised half afloat, and half on the ice for a second; then suddenly, with the shrieks and groans of a thousand tormented spirits, the ice gives way and she settles back into the channel that has been opened. The process is repeated again and again until a lane has been cut right into the harbor.

There are few more nerve-shattering experiences than to spend a day on an ice-breaker in the depth of the northern winter.

Poison We All Eat.

Few people know that in its original state tapioca is a deadly poison. The root of the manico plant, from which it is prepared, is full of poisonous juice when freshly dug. The root is grated and subjected to great pressure, which eliminates every trace of the poison, and the starch gives us the familiar tapioca of commerce.

There is no need to worry about the chance of being poisoned the next time you take a helping of tapioca pudding, for the natives have been preparing farinha for centuries for their own consumption, and know exactly how to make the poison root perfectly safe. Farinha consists of grains of amber which are appearance to the tapioca of our shops, and both are products of the same root.

Tapioca, however, is the purest product of the poison root. Farinha has a little woody fibre in it which gives it a yellowish color, and its hard, dry grains contain no gluten and very little starch, and crumble like earthy matter when mixed with water. Yet this product of the poison root is the staple food of the poorer classes in countries where manico grows.

Census at the Zoo.

On the last day of every year it is part of the duties of the curators of the London Zoological Society to make a valuation of their charges. The total number of animals on the last day of 1921 amounted to just over 3,000, a higher increase in the number for the last day of the previous year. The value of all the animals exhibited in the Regent's Park menagerie totals approximately £20,000. This figure does not represent the full value of the exhibit to the society, many of which are irreplaceable, but is an estimate of the sum it would expect to receive if forced to sell the collection—a circumstance which is, fortunately, never likely to arise. The rhinoceros shares with the hippopotamus the distinction of being the most valuable animals, each being worth £1,000.

Ice.

Recently-formed ice one inch and a half in thickness will support a man; four inches will support cavalry; five inches will support cannon capable of throwing an 84-pound shot; ten inches will support an army; and eighteen inches a railway train.

Cheaper Rugs.

Because of the food shortage in Transcaucasia the people have had to sell many rugs and the rug market thus offers alluring possibilities.

Clifford's Inn.

Clifford's Inn, the oldest of the nine inns of Chancery, of London, has a history dating back to 1310 at least.

Wild Geese of Canada

Some time during the night dying winter had revived sufficiently to film the rush-bound ponds with ice. From low-hanging clouds wind-driven pellets of snow skidded the smooth surface and banked like a border of foam against the dead shore-grass. As it drew near to dawn the wind strengthened and the sombre pall of cloud lifted slowly, as though reluctant to go.

With the first drab heralds of morning, far away and high in air, sounded the call of the lead gander of the wild flock — "Ki-Wonk, Ki-Wonk, Ki-Won-n-k." Immediately the call was echoed by his weary followers, joyfully; the long drawn-out "Ki-Won-n-nk" which they had listened for, and which meant there was a soft spot in sight where they might rest their tired wings and feed.

But with the downward slanting of twelve pairs of broad wings, the weary leader called again, "Ki-Wonk! Ki-Wonk! Ki-Wonk!" and the grey line lifted, the beating of wings fanned the air frantically. Somewhere, far below, the vigilant old gander had glimpsed danger.

Behind them a blush of orange tinged the east, as at the rate of 90 miles an hour, the grey speeders of the air-lanes drove through the desolate marshy waste. They longed to alight on the frost-hardened bog and feed; the glittering sloughs called to them. Above this wide space of drowned lands was immunity from harm. But the old leader had command "On!" and their only great trade was the law of obedience to him.

The sun was lifting above the jagged line of forest far behind them when the leader spoke again. The command his followers had been waiting to hear, "Ki-Won-nk!" and, as before, with an echoing call of the cry, their wings and the flock curved downward. Then the cries swelled into a joyful jargon, for far beneath them, from the grey waste of marsh, had come the cry of their kind—a wild and flutted invitation for them to join and enjoy.

As they swept downward and in toward the slough in which the four wild goose stood, necks stretched and heads held high, as the called, the voices of the gander were almost to whispers. With a caution born of long experience, the old gander was leading them to the bog feeding-ground and their kindred in his own careful way. They darted low, but far out from the feeding geese, lifted high, and turned with wings set against the wind.

And then, just as the much-destined haven was almost reached, the leader gave the danger call again, but sped up and away, the wild clamor of their voices finally dying in the distance.

Miles away from this spot in which the old leader had sensed danger, he led his flock down to a wide stretch of marshland with not a tree or shrub. The morning sun was eating the thin ice from the pond, and in the softening muck was food aplenty. And as the hungry geese fed, the wise old gander, stood with head lifted high, talking back to them from time to time, bright eyes ever on the lookout for danger.

Perhaps he was telling them all those eyes had seen back yonder. At the first call of alarm, they had glimpsed a bit of white something in the marsh — which in itself might mean a hidden enemy; at the second call he had sensed the whole wild scene who had given the invitation for them to alight were captive geese. In the rush dump on shore was a man with a gun. And this is exactly as it was. There had been a man with a gun in that rush-clump, and the leader knew the call of the gander, being an old goose-shooter, he knew that he would never take toll of the flock.

With one exception, the sand-hill crane, called in certain of the western provinces wild turkey, the Canadian wild goose is the shyest, wariest and most intelligent bird of our game birds. Ask any sportsman who has tried to approach within gunshot of the well-sentinelled flock feeding in field or slough, he will tell you that rarely, indeed, is a man with a gun allowed to come closer than two hundred yards to the flock. It is strange to say, without a gun, he has often been able to get within sixty yards of resting wild geese.

That human ingenuity has striven so vainly to creep within range of the big birds believes, naturally enough, that the long-necked leader standing rigid and watchful while his subjects rest and feed, is about the "most afraid" thing in the whole universe. Perhaps some might be said of any famous fighting general who finds himself and little company in a hostile country thick with dangers. If he is general enough to outmanoeuvre his enemies and lead his company to safety—well and good. If you doubt that leader's courage, follow him into his own country and have those doubts dispelled.

So, too, with the grey general of the flock that beats its wedge-shaped course along the aerial, open highways lanes of dawn, throwing back to his followers, the soft flutted "all well" call, "Ki-Won-n-nk-Ki-Won-n-nk." If you could follow them into the far-off nesting meres you would learn much that is but little known about the wild goose.

A coward? Approach the nest in which his grey mate is, warming the eggs beneath her downy breast to chirping life, and you will know he is a coward. You will not have to go to him; he will come to meet you. And he will give you battle too, if you're unwise enough to pay no heed to his hissing demand to be gone from his domain.—Archie McKischnie in Toronto Mail and Empire.

Rich deposits of oil are believed to exist in Kansu, China, south of the Gobi desert.

NOTHING LIKE PAPER!

Everything, From Bath-Tubs to Bottles, Made From It Nowadays.

Numbers of people are discarding the ordinary cambric and cotton pocket handkerchiefs in favor of paper handkerchiefs, as used in Japan. The Japanese frightly consider it a most barbaric habit to carry soiled handkerchiefs about in the pocket. Their handkerchiefs are used once, and then burned. This example might well be followed, especially in the case of infectious diseases.

Similarly, and more particularly since laundry costs have so enormously increased, paper table napkins are very largely used, both in restaurants, at picnics, and even in private houses.

Surgeons are finding that paper towels are most suitable for removing blood from wounds.

We know that the Germans used paper very largely during the war, as a substitute for cotton and wool in making materials for clothes. They also used paper bottles. These were made in moulds, in two pieces. The pulp was treated with a mixture of albumen, alum, and lime. The vessels so constructed were found to be very light, strong, and absolutely impervious, more than that, unaffected even by the action of pure alcohol.

Most people are aware that wheels for railway carriages have been made from compressed paper. Not so many know that excellent canoes and small boats have been constructed from the same material. They are very light and very strong. Some years ago, in order to show the strength of a paper boat, a man paddled all across France—from Paris to Marseilles—by canals and rivers, and back again, in a paper boat.

Pasteboard made from linen rags can, by pressure, be converted into a substance so hard that an ordinary knife will not cut it. This can be used for tables, flower-pots, and for all sorts of similar objects.

Picture frames are largely made of a paste composed of paper pulp, glue, linseed oil, and whitening. This mixture is run into moulds and allowed to harden. It can be colored to represent walnut or other woods.

If there are cracks in the floor of a room you can fill them yourself and stop the draught by soaking old newspapers until the mixture is of about the same consistency as putty; it can then be forced into the cracks, where it will harden like wood. The actual paper-hanging used to make the paste are a pound of flour, three quarts of water, and a tablespoonful of alum.

Limited Vision.

At a petty sessions court in Donegal, Ireland, the prisoner was charged with having in a box and the principal witness was a simple-looking countryman. Asked who left the box at his house, he could not say. Pressed, he admitted it "might be" the prisoner. He could not see the box "bekase is was covered with tickin'." "Something like that?" asked the magistrate, pointing to the covering of the box. "Yis, maybe it was something like that, and it might not." "Is that the same sized box?" continued the magistrate. "I am not sartin," said the witness. "I didn't mizhur it." "Was it the same size, or smaller?" "Something like that." "I don't know how big that might be, sor," replied the witness. "It was a sizeable box, but it might be that size," admitted the man. "Was it as big?" inquired the magistrate. "Ah, maybe it might be bigger," was the reply. "Was it a box like that or not?" said the magistrate in a stern voice. "Ay—yes," said the witness, reflectively, "I think it is like it." "Then why didn't you say so at first, to save all this time?" "Bekase," explained the witness, "the box was covered. Sure, I can't see through the tickin'."

Redwood and Rot.

The resistance of redwood to rot is demonstrated in a remarkable fashion by the record of some pipes of this material which has recently been put forward. These pipes were cut off the stave type, but were actually bored from the logs. They were in use for sixteen years on the underground water system of an American ranch. This system was torn up, and the pipes piled in the open, where they remained for ten years more, weathering to the sun and rain. They have recently been examined with the view to putting them in service again, and are found to be in a condition fully justifying this step.

Trial by Ordeal.

Trial by ordeal still exists in some parts of Japan. If a theft takes place in a household, all the servants are required to write a certain word with the same brush. The conscience is supposed to betray its workings in the waves of the ideographs written. Tracing an ideograph involves such an effort of muscular directness and rivided attention that the ordeal often leads to the discovery of the guilty party. The test is, at all events, more humane than the ordeal of boiling water, to which accused persons were formerly submitted in Japan.

France's Declining Population.

The French census returns for 1921 show the population of France, with Alsace and Lorraine, as 39,402,-729, including 1,550,449 foreigners. At the 1911 census the population was 39,604,992, of whom 1,132,696 were foreigners. It may be mentioned that France lost about 1,000,000 men in the war, but gained about 1,800,000 population by the recovery of Alsace and Lorraine.

Oil Engine Ships.

The year 1921 will mark the greatest progress to date in the introduction of Diesel machinery in the mercantile marine in any one year. A large number of interesting motor ships have already been completed, and are now in service.

IN DAYS OF SLAVERY

NEGROES SOUGHT SAFETY IN FREEDOM-LOVING CANADA.

Story of the Handsome Octoroon Who Made His Escape, Only to Be Followed Across the Line by Kidnappers — Government of Upper Canada Was Always on the Side of the Unfortunate Black Men.

Matthew Bullock is not the first black man who has found refuge in Canada from the injustices that would have fallen to his lot in the United States. Many romantic stories of the escaped slaves who came to this country before the American Civil War are worthy of repeating, says a writer in the Toronto Sunday World, who tells several interesting pieces of history.

It was in May, 1830, that a handsome young man who gave his name as Andrew made his escape from slavery in Kentucky, and got as far as Detroit without being detected. He was an octoroon, with finely chiselled features and bright hazel eyes, with the alert, intelligent look so often possessed by those who had crossed the river to Canada and applied to Charles Baby to be taken into service. He was immediately given employment at the "old Baby mansion in the historical town of Sandwich."

Andrew was the sort of slave whom any owner would be sorry to lose. Summer had passed into autumn before Andrew's American friends were able to get any trace of him. Then one November day, the Kentuckian arrived at the Baby mansion. He immediately identified Andrew as his property, and the slave made no denial. In fact he told Baby his story when he first entered his employment, and offered Baby $2,000 for the return of his former slave, but Baby indignantly refused the money.

But the American did not take his defeat so easily. He secured the assistance of five desperadoes, for the purpose of kidnapping his property. The Kentucky gentleman concluded that when the members of the Baby family were all at church he following Sunday, Andrew, athlete though he was, would not be able to resist such vast numbers. However, it happened that Charles Baby did not go to church that Sunday. When the kidnappers appeared upon the scene, he came to the assistance of Andrew, and the two of them were too much for the hired kidnappers. The desperadoes were returning for a second attempt, when the men began to come home from church. Pursued by Baby's neighbors, they barely managed to escape across the river again to their own country.

The Kentuckian and his neighbors had learned that his home was too close to the border to make a safe place of refuge for an escaped slave in that state, so attacking the "dirty little York," where he became a much respected citizen.

It was in their efforts to create legal ways and means of getting their slaves that the Americans found the Canadians aggravating opponents.

According to the law of the land, the slaves who reached Canada were free. In 1819, John Beverley Robinson, the attorney-general for Upper Canada, issued a statement to that effect. He also added a veiled threat which intimated that if slave owners brought into Canada and attempted to obtain possession of their property, they would undoubtedly meet with official interference. At first sight this interference seems a mild enough word, but the slavers never tried to discover its full meaning by attempting to carry off their men under the eye of the Canadian law.

The plan that the American slave owners hit upon was a simple one. They no longer claimed the negroes as slaves, but accused them of other crimes, and trumped up charges against them. It was easy enough to do that, as most of the runaways had stolen something from their former masters, either a horse on which to escape, or the clothes that they were wearing.

Under the laws of Upper Canada, alien refugees charged with crimes were returned there, and very few dared to stand trial. The slavers thought it was a good plan to get their property returned as law-breakers, for they could be taken over again as slaves.

The case of Thornton Blackburn gave the Americans the first indication that the Canadians saw through the subterfuge. This negro and his wife escaped from Kentucky slavery. They arrived safely in Upper Canada, and the magistrate decided that they must be returned to the Kentuckian who claimed them. On the day that the sheriff was to take them back a band of sympathizers attacked the guards. In the riot that followed both Blackburn and his wife got safely across the border.

The Government of Upper Canada was called upon to return these prisoners, but the Government of Upper Canada, in his reply, made it very plain to the officers of the courts across the line that the Canadians saw through the clever scheme of the slavers. It was further intimated that Sir John Colborne and his advisers did not think Blackburn would be tried for rescue from a riot, but that he would be returned to slavery without more ado.

The Thornton Blackburn case happened in 1833.

Canada's Water Power.

The Dominion of Canada possesses 20 per cent. of the world's total water power of 100,000,000 horsepower. The Province of Ontario's resources are estimated at 6,000,000 horse-power, of which 800,000 has already been developed.

FAMINE IN EUROPE

Fifteen Million People Will Die During This Winter.

It is estimated that from ten to fifteen million Russian men, women and children, but particularly children, will die of starvation or cold this winter. The famine that has been sweeping over 1,000,000 square miles of the country is one of the most dreadful in history, and it does not appear that the sympathy and support of the world will be able to avert the most terrible tragedy in Russia's history. The rest of the world is willing to help, but to a great extent sympathy has been alienated by the Soviet Government, and many fear that any assistance that might be given Russia would be perverted by the Government to Soviet ends. Nevertheless, the United States Government has voted $20,000,000 for relief for the starving. The Soviet Government has been able to set aside $10,000,000 in gold. It is expected that the former sum will enable perhaps 1,500,000 victims to be tided over, and the latter another three-quarters of a million. The British Save-the-Children campaign aims to care for a quarter of a million children, and other British and American relief operations will, perhaps, rescue 100,000. The funds collected by Hoover and his assistants last summer will probably keep 1,200,000 from starvation.

That is to say, if the utmost is realized by the agencies now at work, the lives of some 4,000,000 will be saved; but it is estimated that now there are 15,000,000 Russians dying of starvation, and the total population in the famine area is twice this number. The famine is due to the drought and only indirectly to the inefficiency of the Soviet Government. The normal rainfall in the Russian famine diairict is fourteen inches. Last year it was two and one-half inches. The normal production of grain is 300 pounds to the acre. Last year it was 14 pounds. In any event the crop would have been small, since the Russian farmer is chary of producing any surplus, fearing it will be seized by the Government. There was no surplus in 1918, 1919 or 1920. In 1921 there was the famine. Wheat disappeared altogether last fall. For five months a population nearly four times that of Canada has been without ordinary grain and flesh foods. The people have been living chiefly upon a mixture of leaves and grass boiled with powdered horse hoofs, the latter to make the compound stick together.

Miss Anna Haines, a Pennsylvania lady, who has been in Russia for three or four years as a worker for an American committee, says that in the famine area probably 90 per cent. of the children up to three years old will die between now and next summer, despite the relief that can be given. Children of this age years old hundreds of thousands of them, have never tasted bread and milk, and would not at first know what it is. Cats are often offered. To them a half-decayed watermelon rind is a luxurious treat. Miss Haines describes their pitiful cries as like whipers. The mewing of a cat. She says the stories of cannibalism are not exaggerated. The starving are killed by each other, which is not unnatural, for they would be unburied by the thousands, because nobody is strong enough to bury them. They consume putrifying remains. Cases have been recorded of this disease. The plague will follow the famine as surely as the famine followed the drought, and more millions may perish.

Thousands, perhaps hundreds of thousands, of children, have already been abandoned by their parents to the relief stations which the government has opened and where the children are on rations. Even in those stations they will be frightful mortality. People living in towns are better off than those in the country, for while there is scarcity everywhere, the cities are more in touch with the outside world. Russian railroads are few. Horses, oxen and camels supply the transport service. Children are dying in the area these have either been killed for food or have died of starvation. The survivors are too weak to walk. They cannot cry. Silence must not be brought to them. Miss Haines says that those bearing food supplies are precisely safe from the starving people. The are too weak to attempt to seize the food. In fact, hundreds of thousands of them are in that state of exhaustion where the desire for food has left them. They merely sit by the roadside or lie in their beds waiting with Slavic fatalism for death.

COULD HARDLY STAND AT TIMES

Hips, Back and Legs Would Have That Tired Ache

Everett, Washington.—"For several years I have had trouble with the lower

part of my body and my hips and my legs would ache with that tired feeling that I could hardly stand on my feet at times. I was always able to do my work although I did not feel good. Now Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and having heard several praise it I decided to try it. I feel first-rate at the present time. It has done wonders for me and I keep it in the house right along. I always recommend it to others who are sick and ailing."—Mrs. J. M. Sussenv, 4033 High St., Everett, Washington.

To do any kind of work, or to play for that matter, is next to impossible if you are suffering from some form of female trouble. It may cause your back or your legs to ache, it may make you nervous and irritable. You may be able to keep up and around, but you do not feel good.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine for women. It is especially adapted to relieve the cause of the trouble and thus banish the nagging pains, aches and "no good" feelings disappear.

It has done this for many, many women; why not give it a fair trial—now.]

Japanese Millionaire.

The average Japanese is comparatively petite in his dimensions, yet him even to make a respectable man. It is related of the late Count Okuma that he made a careful study of Japanese trees with a view to producing "The Darling of the Gods." However, when it was being played an authority on Japan wrote pointing out that though Sir Herbert Tree had got the right flower, and contorted the branches and blossoms into the correct clusters, he should not have made them all come out in the same season. Sir Herbert retorted that the Japanese Ambassador had approved of the staging of the garden scene. The counter reply was that the Japanese Ambassador was a man of great courtesy. Another instance of Japanese punctiliousness is vouched for by a recent writer. A Japanese professor stayed with an English family in Hampstead. One day he met the lady of the house entering by the gate, and cut her dead. That evening she said, "When you become familiar with English customs, professor, you will know that you must not do this in passing. You should have said 'Good day'." He replied with a charming smile, "Madam, when you have become more accustomed to the habits of Japan, you will learn that you were rude to me. You should have bowed aside at my approach and bowed low."

Mistletoe Gum.

In addition to their use as Christmas decorations mistletoe berries are capable of being used as a source of mucilage. The mucilage which causes them to stick to the bark of the tree already has been extracted in small way by water, and used as an adhesive.

Meerschaum Pipes.

Meerschaum pipes, largely an Austrian product, are again being made in large quantities. Most meerschaum comes from mines near the Black Sea, which have been worked for 1,000 years.

The Ring Finger.

The third finger on the left hand on which the engagement and wedding rings are worn. Most nerves are in the weakest of the fingers. Pianists have to give the third finger twice as much drill as the others.

Horse-Riding.

Horse-riding, as a form of exercise, is stated to be lost by the population of the large cities. Audiences to dodging motor-cars, call for something more exciting.

A Phone Exchange.

The site has been bought for London's largest telephone exchange, which will cater for 30,000 lines. The largest existing exchange has 10,000 lines.

Aero Cushion Inner Tire

Puncture Proof, rides easy as air ..... See Them

TIRES at $14.50

D. B. CARBON REMOVER Cleans your engine while running.

FREE LUBRICATION FOR YOUR SPRINGS We furnish the oiled tape.

Keep your Windshield Clean [SEE EZE] Get a sample tube.

Willard Service Station - GRAHAM'S GARAGE

Next Gibbard's Retail Furniture Store.

OFFICE STATIONERY

We supply complete equipment for your Book-Keeping and Office Work.

PROMPT SERVICE. GOOD WORKMANSHIP

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES COUNTER CHECKS, LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS

Express Printing House

John Street, - Napanee

Wilson's Hardware Store

A CARLOAD JUST IN!

PEERLESS FENCE

STANDS EVERY TEST

We are out to compete with any Mail-Order House on the map.

Give us a chance.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138

Notice!

A. L. MacDONALD, formerly of Toronto, wishes to announce that he has purchased the Plaza Barber and Tobacco Shop and solicits your patronage. Hot and cold baths.

Notice.

International Harvesting Company makes $300.00 drop on Farm Tractors 8-16. Tractor and 2 bottom Plow $775.00; 10-20 Titan and 3 bottom Plow $825.00. These Tractors can be bought on 3 pays. These prices are good only until May 1st.

SPENCER & ROSE,
15-d Market Hotel.

Tea Prices Rising.

Rumor has it that the labor unrest and general dissatisfaction in India, the largest tea producing country in the world, have made production so expensive and hazardous that a general rise in prices may be expected in the near future. The estimated consumption this year will be much larger than the crop available.

Change Marriage Service.

New York, April 7.—Recognition of the changed status of women by striking from the Episcopal marriage ceremony the promise to obey, and eliminating the compulsory giving in marriage, was proposed by the commission on revision of the book of common prayer in a report made public yesterday. Gaining equal rights with men in their marriage vows, however, women would lose a special privilege now accorded them. For the proposal to change the ceremony also provides for striking out the bridegroom's pledge "with all my worldly goods I thee endow."

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

10.30 a.m.—"The Easter Message, as Interpreted by Paul."

7 p.m.—Easter Song Service. "Incidents of the Forty Days."

The Boy Scouts will attend the morning service.

The choir is preparing to render special Easter music.

The pastor will conduct both services.

Sunday, 11.45—Sunday School and adult classes.

Monday, 8.00—League meeting

Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week service.

Calf Meals.

Royal Purple and Purina Calf Meals. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Important!

A carload of the well-known "Peerless Woven Wire Fencing" just arrived. Patronize your home town by buying your fencing here. We will meet the quotations of any mail-order house, and give you the goods the same day. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Special Easter Service.

On Monday, April 17th, at 8 p.m., a special Easter service will be given in the S. A. Hall, entitled "Building the Cross of Love." Also programme of the "Holy City." This will be very interesting and impressive. Do not fail to come.

Scientific Palmist.

Have your hand read by a scientific (lady) palmist. Has read the hands of hundreds of distinguished people. Here Tuesday, April 11th, for one week. Campbell House, Room 31. Hours 10 to 12; 2 to 5; 7 to 9.30. Terms, $1.00.

Bicycles! Bicycles!

Mr. W. J. Normile has re-opened his bicycle salesroom and repair shop, on the corner of Bridge and East streets. A large stock of new bicycles on hand to choose from. Bicycle tires, and parts, etc. A number of reabuilt bicycles also on hand, each one guaranteed to be in first-class condition. We are also agents in Napanee for Partridge Auto Tires, one of the best tires made.

W. J. NORMILE,
Cor. Bridge and East Streets

Death of Odessa Resident.

Wesley Babcock, well-known resident of Odessa, died at the home of his son, J. W. Babcock, Wilton, on April 7th. Mr. Babcock was born in Odessa Nov. 28th, 1831, and had lived there all his life, until the last four years he made his home with his son. Deceased was a Methodist in religion. The survivors are one daughter and two sons, Mrs. Zinea Hunter, Dexter, N.Y.; W. G. Babcock, Shillington, Ont., and J. W. Babcock, Wilton. The funeral took place at the residence of his son on Saturday afternoon.

Horse clippers in various styles at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Mr. E. Charleson Leading Debater.

Mr. Edwin Charleson and Miss Mary Reeve were awarded first and second honors, respectively, by the judges of the final senior lyceum debate of the Ottawa Collegiate Institute. The subject of debate was the question of the exclusion of the Asiatic immigrants from Canada. Messrs. Edwin Charleson and Eugene Forsey spoke in the affirmative, while the negative was taken by Miss Mary Reeve and Mr. C. Hendry. The verdict went to the affirmative on a close decision. The judges were Dr. M. Cross, Controller Arthur Ellis, and Alderman S. R. Broadfoot. Miss Mavis Grant, president of the senior lyceum, presided.

The fact that Copalline Varnish dries hard and with a fine gloss, that water will not darken your floors, makes it the leading high grade varnish. For sale at WALLACE'S.

Sap buckets, spoiles, sugar making supplies at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

DO YOU KNOW

that because of the Deltor, enclosed with Butterick Patterns, and with **Butterick Patterns only**, you buy ¼ to 1⅝ yard **less**, a saving of 50c. to $10 on material for every frock?

DO YOU KNOW

that the Deltor guides you in putting your garment together so that you attain the elusive fit, drape and finish of an expert?

BEFORE you plan a single new thing—come in and select from the latest Parisian fashions. The Deltor simplifies the making of the most intricate gowns and suggests the correct fabrics.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

HAVE YOU TRIED THE NEW
EAST-END BARBER SHOP
Everything New and Up-to-Date.
Skilled Workmanship
MODERATE PRICES.
Opposite Harshaw Block
J. E. BROWN, Prop.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., Pastor.

10.30—Morning service.

11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.

7.00—Evening service.

Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week meeting for prayer and bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

Daily Lenten services at 8.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Good Friday—The three hours' service, 12 to 3 p.m.

Service of Preparation for Holy Communion, 7.30 p.m.

EASTER DAY

8.00—Holy Communion.

10.30—Shortened Matins and Choral Eucharist.

12.15—Sunday School.

7.00—Evensong.

Special music.

THE BOOT REPAIR SHOP

Bring your repairs to us, **NEAR POST OFFICE.** We guarantee our materials and workmanship. We have some bargains in heavy boots for men and boys.

SEYMOUR BROS.

Hogs Wanted!

Will ship on Tuesday, April 18th, and pay the highest possible price for select hogs, and good Veal Calves. No calves less than 115 lbs. of proper age taken. I expect to ship beef cattle on that date. Let me know what you have to sell. 'Phone 326 W evenings; Paisley House meal times.

L. F. BOGART.

SEEDS!

In stock English and American grown Vegetable Seeds. Lawn Grass Seed. The best in melons and Onions. Get our prices before sending away for seeds. Dutch Setts, English Multipliers, and Potato Onions. Royal Purple and Ogilvies Calf Meal. Baby Chick Feed. If you want good bread try our flour. We have Teas from 35c. to $1.00 per lb. Prunes, Raisins and Peaches at prices that will appeal to you. Fresh groceries each week.

THOMPSON BROS.,
Market Square

S. S. No. 19, RICHMOND

Sr. IV.—Bert Asselstine, honors.

Jr. IV.—Stella Asselstine, Patricia Lloyd.

Jr. III.—Glen Allen, Harry Kimmett.

Sr. II.—Patricia Bennell, honors; Helen Asselstine.

Jr. II.—Russell Kimmett, Aubrey Asselstine.

Sr. I.—Gertrude Lloyd, honors; Harold Richmond, honors; Reta Booth, honors; Jean Asselstine.

Primer—Jack Asselstine.

Names in order of merit.

* missed one examination.

SARA H. HERRINGTON.

S. S. No. 6, SOUTH FREDERICKSBURGH

Jr. IV.—Helen Schell 62 per cent., Muriel Fretts, 48.

*Class III.—Norma Fretts 83 per cent., Fred Creighton 79, Willie McCaugherty 65, *Iva Lloyd 59.

Class II., Sr.—Jean Schell 98 per cent., Earl Wales 92, Fraser Fretts 82.

Class II., Jr.—Jean Anderson 69 per cent., Mildred Wales 64, *James Galt 59, *Milford Creighton 48, *Ila Lloyd 36.

Class I.—*Jessie Fretts 68 per cent., *May Lloyd 58.

Sr. Primer.—Helen McCaugherty 88 per cent., *Sidney Fretts 86.

Jr. Primer.—Freddy Stubbington 78 per cent., Lillian Lloyd 60.

* absent for examinations.

M. A. MILLING.

If you want something stylish in a new Spring Coat or Suit you will find it at Mrs. J. Sagar's store, just west of the Campbell House.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.

The Sunday school and bible class at close of morning service.

7 p.m.—Song service. Popular hymns thrown upon the screen. Special music also by the choir.

Monday, 7.30—Young People's Union.

Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer and praise service.

Guarded Bible Teacher.

NEW YORK, April 10. — Several New York detectives got Bible lessons on Sunday.

When John D. Rockefeller, Jr., opened his Bible class he found strange faces. Questions brought out the fact that the strangers were "dicks" assigned to guard the millionaire against cranks and the possible presence of criminals when he attended the first services in the new Park Avenue Baptist Church, now the home of the congregation of the old Fifth Avenue Baptist Church.

Mr. Rockefeller was at the church services and the session of the Bible class, of which he is leader. The police department detailed detectives to the church as a bodyguard for Mr. Rockefeller. In addition, several men in uniform from the East Fifty-First street station were on duty outside the church.

Killed by a Fall Downstairs.

WINDSOR, Ont., April 10.—Half an hour after he had been admitted to Hotel Dieu, Benjamin Sloate, 82 years old, became unconscious and died on Sunday night. Two weeks ago he fell downstairs at the home of his son, Joseph Sloate, Pelessier street, where he had made his home since coming to Windsor from Essex eight years ago. Injuries received at that time are believed to have caused his death. Before coming to Windsor, Mr. Sloate was engaged in the manufacture of soap and potash at Essex. Six sons survive.

Golf Course for Lloyd George.

GENOA, April 10.—Genoa is priding herself that her hospitality rises to every occasion, so on a steep hillside back of the Villa Alberti workmen are clearing a space for a two-hole golf course for Premier Lloyd George. When Mr. Lloyd George arrived with his golf clubs his hosts were embarrassed, but they are doing the best they can, although if the Premier foozles his drive the ball will go bounding down to the Mediterranean, half a mile away.

Cardinal Begin Returns.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Cardinal Nazaire Begin, Archbishop of Quebec, was the principal passenger on the France when she docked here on Saturday. He has been on a visit to Rome.

British Pilot Dies.

PARIS, April 10.—A. E. Duke, pilot of the British plane which crashed into a French Goliath on the Paris-London aerial express route on Friday, near Thieulloy, died in the hospital at Beauvais Saturday, without recovering consciousness. Duke was the only person in either machine to survive the crash, and his death brought the total of those killed to seven.

The air booking agencies announces that there had been no cancellations of bookings on account of the accident.

Boy Shot Through Head.

SUTTON, April 10.—A young lad named Fisher, living with John Hopkins, a farmer, near Mt. Pleasant, was found shot through the head at 10.30 o'clock Saturday evening.

The boy, who is about 13 years old, had not been well for the past few weeks. Little is known about him, except that he came to the farm from an institution.

When found the boy was in his bedroom lying across the bed, fully dressed, with a 38-calibre rifle resting across the body.

Killed by Circular Saw.

KINBURN, Ont., April 10.—Dwyer Coutts, single, aged 22, was instantly killed on Saturday when he was drawn into the teeth of a circular saw and horribly mutilated.

Sir Patrick Manson Dies.

LONDON, April 10.—The death of Sir Patrick Manson on Saturday is announced. The Times refers to Sir Patrick as "the father of tropical medicine," and says the completion of the Panama Canal was made possible by the application by Maj.-Gen. W. C. Gorgas of Sir Patrick's discoveries. Sir Patrick was born in 1844. He was distinguished as a parasitologist.

Experience Had Taught.

"Now, tell me the truth," said the fussy old lady to the street-corner mendicant, "are you really blind?"

"Yes, ma'am," said the beggar.

"What is this I'm about to give you?"

"A penny, ma'am."

"Ha! If you are blind, how do you know it's a penny?"

"Because, ma'am, I never get more than a penny out of people like you."

Canada's Debt.

The total net debt of Canada on January 31 was $2,372,585,984, as compared with $2,366,861,252 at the end of December, 1921. This is an increase of $5,724,732 in the month of January. On January 31, 1921, the total net debt was $2,302,723,-013. The increase in the year is, therefore, $69,862,971.

Bearing Another's Burden.

"Poor chap," said the sympathetic clubman, as a tired-looking fellow-member passed out at the door. "He suffers terribly from nerves."

"I never knew he had them," said his companion.

"He hasn't," said the sympathizer, "they're his wife's."

Superlative.

"Are your eggs fresh?"

Grocer: "Why, ma'am, if they were any fresher they would be impertinent."

Electricity.

The scientific study of electricity began in the sixteenth century, when certain experiments were shown to Queen Elizabeth.

Wonderful Saturday Values to Help

EASTER SHOPPING

Extraordinary Specials on this occasion, of **Brand New Up-to-Date Footwear** specially purchased, and selling at less than the factory cost.

Also great bargain on Dry Goods of all kind.

Without doubt one of the biggest value giving events ever held in our store. It offers exceptional opportunities to supply your spring shopping needs in unusually big saving.

Complete Stock! Correct Style!-Lowest Prices!

This Big Sale will save you Many Dollars. Come to the Right Place.

The Napanee Shoe Store

Opposite Wonderland Theatre.

CREAM---We Want Yours!

We are the largest manufacturers of creamery butter between Toronto and Montreal.

We supply cans and pay express.

Profitable prices promptly paid. Write us.

BELLEVILLE CREAMERIES, LIMITED,
BOX 59, BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

NAPANEE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

MONUMENTS and MARKERS

Over one hundred designs in our new spring stock.

Don't buy from a picture. Call and see us, and see what you get for your money.

Prices away down.

WILLIAM HOWITT,
NAPANEE

Maker's Bargain Store

Owing to certain troubles and law suits, which we have fought successfully, we have not had time to change our advertisement.

Certain parties made an attempt to extort money from me, but the Grand Jury dismissed the case.

We assure all our customers that we are in business to stay, and to offer you many bargains in

Dry Goods

Ready-to-Wear Clothing

for Men and Women.

and Household Necessaries.

M. MAKER

REMEMBER

OUR PRICES FOR THIS WEEK

IF IN NEED OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

Flour (Purity and Cream of the West), per cwt.	$4.25
per ¼ cwt.	1.15
Rolled Oats, for 10 lbs.	.35
Bran, per cwt.	1.75
Shorts, per cwt.	1.85
Choice Midds, per cwt.	2.00
Ground Oats, per cwt.	2.10
Crushed Oats, per cwt.	2.20
Whole Corn, per cwt.	1.60
Ground Corn, per cwt.	1.75
Fine Salt, per cwt.	1.35
Coarse Salt, per cwt.	1.40
Dairy Salt, per ½ cwt.	.85
COAL, per ton on yard	16.00
per ton delivered	16.50
Hardwood, per cord	5.00
Mixed Wood, per cord	4.50
Soft Wood, per cord	4.00
Free Kindling with each ½ cords.	

We also handle Galvanized Iron and Shingles at close prices for cash.

Also choice Hemlock Joicing from 10 to 20 feet in length that we will sell cheap.

CHAS. STEVENS COMPANY LIMITED

Office and Yard:—opposite Bell Telephone Co.

'Phone 104. 18

Kodak developing and printing done promptly by our Toronto expert. No spoiled films, prices reasonable, terms strictly cash with order.—WALLACE'S Drug Store.

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

Dairy Supplies.

A No. 1 Milk Cans (home-made), Pails, Pans, Creamers, Separators, etc.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Parke Davis Blackleg Vaccine, made in the most scientific laboratory of its kind in the world. For sale at WALLACE'S.

WONDERLAND

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Vitagraph Inc. presents Wm. Duncan and Edith Johnston in their latest special, "NO DEFENCE."

Also next episode of our wonder serial, "BREAKING THROUGH" and a 2-reel Jimmy Aubrey Comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Metro presents one of their classic specials, "THE SILVER LINING."

Also next episode of Eddie Polo in "DO OR DIE."

And a 2-reel Hall Room Boys Comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY
Special Attraction

Constance Talmadge at her best, in "WEDDING BELLS."

And a 2-reel Christie Comedy.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Washing.

I am now prepared to do washing at my own home.

MRS. WILL ALCOMBRACK

SPRING TIME IS HERE!

The Car Season is at hand. Your old battery has been giving you trouble. Why throw away good money for bad? Bring it to us and we will make you a good allowance for it on a new battery that you can depend on absolutely.

We are distributors for this County for the

EXIDE AND MONARCH

two of the best batteries on the market. Don't fail to inspect them before you buy.

ALL KINDS OF BATTERY REPAIR WORK DONE BY AN EXPERT MECHANIC

and satisfaction guaranteed

PAUL & SMITH
FORD DEALERS
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LUMBER
SPECIAL

IF YOU WISH TO BUILD A

NEW HOME or FARM BUILDINGS

You Should Consult Us.

During the next few weeks prices for Lumber and Labour will be lower than next spring

Plans and Estimates Free

Mixed Car Lots of Building Supplies at Lowest Prices you can obtain.

W. D. MIDMER,
'Phones 14, 123. NAPANEE, ONT.

STRAND THEATRE!

M. MAKER, Proprietor.

Will be Closed until

FRIDAY, APRIL 14th, 1922

when it will be re-opened with Special Pictures and the Second Episode of the Serial.

PRICES, 5c. and 10c.
with War Tax.

M. MAKER, - Proprietor.

BAYER

Aspirin

Nothing Else is Aspirin—say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all. Why take chances? Accept only an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains directions worked out by physicians during 21 years and proved safe by millions for Colds, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and Pain. Made in Canada. All druggists sell Bayer Tablets of Aspirin in handy tin boxes of 12 tablets, and in bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

Canadian Henley dates are announced.

Milk price will drop 1c per quart in Toronto.

The Toronto Leafs defeated Nashville, 8 to 4.

A peace association has been formed in Belfast.

Thousands honor the memory of Sir John Eaton.

Congress combination to defeat St. Lawrence project.

Sterling at Toronto, $4.52½; at New York, $4.39½.

Premier Lenin of Russia is not suffering from cancer.

The French Chamber makes an attack on naval issue.

One of Montreal's famous churches was destroyed by fire.

A Newmarket garden has live alligators as an attraction.

Clashes have taken place in Siberia between Reds and Japs.

Premier Lloyd George delivers practical speech in House.

British Commons adopts vote of confidence in Government.

Four tie for first place in the amateur golf tourney at Pinehurst.

No judge will be asked to head coal famine in fuel in five weeks.

Prominent lawyers in Toronto debate Privy Council investigation.

Hon. G. H. Ferguson puts crucial Chippawa motion before Legislature.

King Alexander is again confined to his room in Belgrade through illness.

Conditions caused by export liquor warehouses on border condemned in Commons.

New York music lovers are loud in praise of the Mendelssohn Choir of Toronto.

Seventeen were killed in a faction fight between two Arab villages near Hebron, Palestine.

News agent on train in North Country rewarded with 250,000 rubles for act of kindness.

Manitoba Liberals and Farmers may unite to provide predominant party in new Legislature.

Minister of Labor takes steps to reconvene Gillen Arbitration Board for Nova Scotia coal strike.

T. H. Lennox condemned Attorney-General's enforcement of Ontario Temperance Act, in a three-hour speech.

SATURDAY.

Soccer season opens in Toronto.

New Canadian typewriting record made.

Bituminous coal operators refuse to confer.

London Times favors removal of cattle ban.

Toronto baseball team beat Spartanburg, 6 to 3.

Bill to make juries of thirteen men read in Legislature.

"Blue-sky" law was read a first time in the Legislature.

Six people were killed when airplanes collide near Paris.

Building union officials in Toronto report revival of industry.

Premier Lloyd George confers with Premier Poincare in Paris.

Russian delegates may claim same rights as French at Genoa.

Oxford-Cambridge team wins from University of Pennsylvania, 8 to 0.

Five years ago to-day Canadians pushed back German on Vimy Ridge.

In spite of bad year manufacturers of agricultural implements show a profit.

Albert M. Wickens, 80 years old, "Dad" of the engineering fraternity, is dead.

Status of Canada's accredited agent in Washington is explained by Ottawa.

Navy League in Canada decides to campaign for greater public interest in work.

Two brothers near Bowmanville die within few hours of each other of apoplexy.

The Privy Council decided in favor of the Province of Alberta against the Nat Bell Liquors, Ltd.

Prof. Alfred Venn Dicey, Vinerian professor of English law at Oxford University, for 27 years, is dead.

On Sunday Rufus Avery, an inmate of the House of Industry at Athens, Leeds county, celebrates his 104th birthday.

Outrages in Ireland continue unchecked. Raid on customs house in Dublin, and 500,000 gallons of Belfast whiskey destroyed.

Maj.-Gen. V. A. S. Williams has been appointed to command the Provincial Police Force. Col. Elliott resigned owing to ill health.

MONDAY.

Sir Conan Doyle arrives at New York.

Mrs. T. Oronhyatekha dies in Toronto.

Cambridge wins the four-mile relay.

Col. Alex. Davidson is dead at Winnipeg.

Sterling in Toronto, $4.51; New York, $4.41.

Russia and Germany unite to play role at Genoa.

Garretts reach the O.A.B.A. intermediate final.

Rebel Chief Fein seek to wreck Collins' train.

Rev. Alanson H. Putnam, aged 75, dies at Toronto.

A great battle is imminent between Chinese armies.

International Lawn Tennis Federation bars Germans.

The Toronto baseball team lost to Spartanburg, 7 to 5.

A youth was found dead on a farm near Mount Pleasant.

De Valera is asking £50,000 to contest Irish elections.

London street railwaymen vote to strike if award is unsatisfactory.

One man was killed and six hurt in Toronto in street accidents.

A double drowning occurred a Parry Sound when flood burst dam.

Johns Hopkins University beat Cambridge-Oxford inerossists, 11 to 2.

Progressive caucus reveals differences in questions of tactics, but not aims.

A youth named Fisher, was found dead, shot through the head, near Sutton.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen pays tribute to late Sir John C. Eaton at memorial service.

Maj.-Gen. Henry A. Panet has been appointed to succeed Gen Victor A S Williams, as head of Dis rict No. 2.

Four Quebec Judges Resign.

MONTREAL, April 10. — Judge F. X. Choquet, Judge Alphonse Bazin, Judge S. P. Lee and Judge Hosmer Lanctot, all of them judges of the Superior Court of the Province for the Judicial District of Montreal, have sent in their resignations to Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Attorney-General of the Province of Quebec. In special recognition of the services of the retiring judges, Hon. Mr. Taschereau has succeeded in getting through a measure providing for retirement on full salary ($5,000 in each case) if they resigned within a period of 30 days when asked to do so. The retirements are in conformity with this legislation. Ill-health is given as the reason for the retirements, which will come into effect probably during the present week, when the Provincial Government has had opportunity to name their successors.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD.
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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Fleet St., London, E.C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
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Barrister and Solicitor
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John 26m Street, Napanee

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Barrister-at-Law.
Law office over Hydro Electric Store,
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BEVERLEY R. SIMPSON, B.A.
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57 Queen St., West
TORONTO

Make Your Own Soap

Gillett's Lye Eats Dirt

GILLETT'S LYE

Made in Canada

CIVIL WAR IS FEARED

Collins Speaks Words of Warning to Irishmen

De Valera's Followers Attempted Life of Free State Chief by Wrecking Train, But Were Unsuccessful—Rumor That Sinn Fein Army Has Deposed Murderous Leader.

LONDON, April 10.—In a speech delivered at Wexford on Sunday, Michael Collins, head of the Provisional Government, declared that unless there was an immediate change in the tone and tactics of certain of the people "it looks as if civil war can only be averted by a miracle."

Mr. Collins added that in such a contingency there was little doubt the British would return to restore the order which the Irish would have shown themselves unable to preserve.

Thousands of persons attended the meeting in Wexford. There were only feeble signs of opposition to Mr. Collins. He declared that the language of Eamonn de Valera had become that of a dangerous despot; that de Valera, while posing as a lover of liberty and shouting the name of liberty, was trampling it underfoot.

"The language of our opponents," declared Mr. Collins, "is that of treason—not of patriotism. Our existence is threatened, as no enemy from the outside ever has had the power to threaten it, and there is grave danger of another period of long agony before the country. Until there is an immediate change in the tone and tactics of certain of the people it looks as if civil war can only be averted by a miracle. In case of civil war the British will return to restore the order which the Irish people have shown themselves unable to preserve."

Mr. Collins concluded by again appealing to de Valera to pause and consider where his language, "which is being translated into action, is hurrying the nation."

Train hold-ups and attempts to prevent pro-treaty meetings continued Sunday. A Dublin train on which Mr. Collins was supposed to be traveling to Wexford, found the rails had been taken up near Arklow. Armed men prevented a repair gang from replacing the rails. Mr. Collins had foiled his opponents by making the trip during the night.

The place where the rails were removed was on a bridge over the River Avoca. After they were eventually relaid and the train reached Enniscorthy, armed men, who arrived in an automobile, kidnapped the engine driver so as to prevent the train from reaching Wexford.

It was rumored in London and Dublin late Sunday night that the secret meeting of the Irish Republican army in Dublin deposed Eamonn de Valera, as leader of the Republicans, says the Daily Mail.

The newspaper adds that what actually happened is a mystery, but says some confirmation of the rumor is given by the statement that "de Valera now has no governing part in the Republican army."

The following official report of the convention was given out in Dublin:

"At the general convention of the Irish Republican army the number of delegates exceeded those attending convention on March 26. The temporary executives elected at the convention submitted a constitution and declaration of aims, which after discussion were unanimously adopted.

"The constitution provides certain methods for the selection of a permanent executive and this procedure took effect upon the adoption of the constitution. The executive elected at the previous convention having resigned, a new body was chosen to replace it.

"Many army matters were dealt with. The proceedings closed at eight o'clock this evening."

Great Battle Imminent In China.

TSINGTAO, April 10.—The Japanese army began the evacuation of Shantung on Saturday. Five hundred troops embarked on a transport for return to Japan.

While this tardy performance of the solemn Treaty of Versailles was in progress, all China began ringing with the alarm of war. Gen. Wu Pei Fu, the most formidable single military leader of the divided republic, is in the centre of a dangerous coalition of his enemies, who are moving their armies to tighten the knot.

A great battle is expected within the next few weeks.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE

Those who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the body, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting nature in restoring normal conditions.

All druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

WAS SHOT BY BURGLARS

Chief of Thamesville Police Had Leg Broken.

Chief of Thamesville Police Had Leg Broken — Had Gone to Scene of Crime Alone and Found Himself Faced by Three Men—Two Indian Suspects Were Captured Later, But Third Made Good His Escape.

THAMESVILLE, Ont., April 10.—Chief of Police William Pickard of this village was shot through the left leg by burglars at four oclock Sunday morning, both bones being badly shattered and it is probable that amputation will be necessary.

Answering a telephone call from the Central operator who had been notified by nearby residents who saw burglars at work at Bambridge's store Chief Pickard responded immediately and single handed made an attempt at capture. When the chief came within fifty yards of the store the man on guard rapped on the door and beat a hasty retreat. Pickard firing two shots in rapid succession. Two others who were inside the store came out and fired three shots at the officer, one bullet taking effect.

Within a few minutes several residents were on the scene and the alarm sounded which brought scores more to the street, a large number being fully armed. Clues were immediately sought and the finding of two large turning chisels nearby which were recognized as belonging to Wallace's planing mill gave evidence that someone familiar with that concern were implicated. Examination at the mill proved that a padlock had been broken and the tools taken.

Several Indians from the Moravian reserve had been in town Saturday night, three of whom are suspected of the crime. The trail led to the reserve where at about noon two Indians named Ed. Rykman, Jr., and Richardson Logan were placed under arrest and left in charge of local citizens while a hunt was made for Zimmy Rykman, the third man suspected, but after quite a lengthy chase he was lost to sight, running in the direction of Highgate and probably towards the Michigan Central Railway.

Ryckman and Logan were brought to this place and lodged in jail where a confession was made by Logan, who said that Ryckman was in need of tobacco and asked him (Logan) to go with him to some farm-house that they would break into a store. They were met by another Indian, the three going to Wallace's mill, breaking into that place and stealing the tools. Logan stood guard at both places.

After the shooting Chief Pickard was removed to his home where physicians attended him, both bones being fractured about four inches above the ankle. He was removed to the General Hospital at Chatham, where an X-ray examination was taken.

CLASHED WITH POLICE.

Street Brawl Started by Soldiers In Quebec City.

QUEBEC, April 10.—As a result of a clash between soldiers of the 22nd Battalion and the city police here Sunday afternoon six soldiers are confined to military hospital, while several policemen are also confined to their homes, nursing injuries.

The brawl occurred about 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the corner of St. John and Dauphine streets, when a number of soldiers attacked Constable N. Smith and Constable Gamanche, who were doing traffic duty. Both policemen were roughly handled and the latter chased into a private dwelling.

By that time police reinforcements arrived on the scene and there was a battle royal between the opposing elements, with considerable damage done on both sides. Eight soldiers were finally arrested and taken to Central Police station, where they were locked up.

The cause of the outbreak was the assault late on Saturday night of Pte. Benoit, of the 22nd Regiment, by Constable J. H. Patry. According to reports, the soldier was intoxicated and when he was told to move on by Constable Patry is alleged to have abused the officer and to have struck him with a loaded swagger stick.

Some of the soldiers evidently felt that their comrade had been badly treated by the police and they set out to get revenge. The soldiers arrested were turned over to the military authorities and will be arranged in the Recorder's Court.

FAMOUS GENERAL DEAD.

Van Falkenhayn Was the German Chief of Staff.

BERLIN, April 10.—Gen. Erich Von Falkenhayn, former Minister of War, and one time Chief of Staff of the German army, died on Saturday at Wild Park, near Potsdam.

Gen. Von Falkenhayn was appointed War Minister of Germany in 1913, succeeding Gen. Von Heeringen.

Shortly after the outbreak of the world war he was appointed Chief of the General Staff, succeeding Gen. Von Moltke, who, at the time, was declared to be ill. In August, 1916, Gen. Von Falkenhayn was relieved by Gen. Von Hindenburg, and was shortly afterwards put on the field of battle against the Roumanians. Falkenhayn defeated the Roumanians in the campaign of 1916. Later he went to Asiatic Turkey, where he commanded the Turks.

Von Falkenhayn was born in 1861 and was considered one of Germany's dashing commanders.

Miners Plan to Impress Board.

SYDNEY, N.S., April 10.—A proposal to parade to the "starving women and naked children" of the mining districts before the Gillen Board when it meets at Glace Bay next week was one of the features of a meeting held by the United Mine Workers on Sunday afternoon.

J. B. MacLachlan, district secretary-treasurer, was the principal speaker, and he denounced the laws, judges, lawyers and politicians.

MacLachlan claimed the British Empire Steel Corporation had stultified itself during the present dispute several times by setting wage rates, declaring them to be the highest it could possibly pay, and then granting a higher rate.

M. CORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODAS

Combined in one bright, crisp, delicious biscuit are the essential elements of milk, cream and sugar.

M'CORMICK'S BISCUITS

JERSEY CREAM SODA

MAY LIFT EMBARGO.

Canadian Cattle Dealers to Benefit From Political Bargain.

LONDON, April 10.—That the British Government's remarkable change of front on the question of the embargo on Canadian cattle is the result of a bargain between Lord Beaverbrook and Winston Churchill, in which the Daily Express, support of the Coalition Government is guaranteed by its owner is the well authenticated statement made in explanation of recent developments.

Further inquiries seem to corroborate this, while color has been lent to it by Mr. Churchill's emphatic declaration on Friday that he was entirely in favor of lifting the embargo and would vote for it. The Daily Express was a vigorous critic of the Coalition Government during the dark days, when it could least stand criticism. A sudden change was seen in the newspaper's policy a fortnight ago. This preceded the Government's surprise announcement that the question of lifting the embargo would be put to a free vote.

Here we have cause and effect—that for this concession on the part of the Government the Coalition will now receive when it needs it most, the support of Lord Beaverbrook's daily and Sunday newspapers.

Col. Sir Alexander Sprout, Coalition Unionist, who defeated Mr. Asquith in East Fife, is to move the resolution on which the vote will take place. There seems to be little doubt about its passing in the House of Commons, but there is likely to be a strong opposition in the House of Lords. It is interesting to note that the Times, which has hitherto been non-committal on the subject, now advocates removal of the embargo.

DAM WAS SWEPT AWAY.

Two Deaths In Tragic Occurrence at Parry Sound.

PARRY SOUND, April 10. — Two lost their lives and several others had narrow escapes from drowning when the dam at Parry Sound lumber mill went out Sunday afternoon. Cecil N. Stalker, the young and popular principal of the Victor School, and Donald Bruce, a boy of nine years, were washed away in the raging flood at the moment the frail barrier on which they were standing was burst by the weight of the swollen river. Kathleen Bruce, the sister of the dead boy, leaped to safety as the dam went, but there is hope that Flemlar clung to a portion of the broken dam and was rescued.

Mr. Stalker and a number of others had gone to watch the raging water as it surged over the dam. Swollen with the melting snow and fed by thousands of tributary torrents in the hills up to the lake, the river was a magnificent sight at this point. Suddenly, without warning, the dam, which seemed massive enough, but which was unable to cope with the force of the torrent, gave way. Mr. Stalker and Donald Bruce were swept down in the mass of entangled debris and the great flood of water that surged over the ruin of the dam. Their bodies have not yet been found, although search parties have been working continuously since the catastrophe.

Principal Stalker came to Parry Sound last July. He was very popular with his pupils and the people of the town, and was considered a young man of great promise. His father is an invalid and there also survives one brother living in Toronto and two others living in Durham.

It is a little over a year ago since the power dam gave away here and caused so much damage and disruption.

—o—

Muresco, the popular wall finish, many be used over paper successfully.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Manitoba Wheat.

No. 1 Northern, $1.50.

Manitoba Oats.

No. 2 C.W., 58c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 54½c.
No. 1 feed, 55c.

Manitoba Barley (in store Ft. William)

No. 3 C.W., nominal.

American Corn (Track, Toronto, Prompt Shipment.)

No. 2 yellow, 75c.
No. 3 yellow, 73½c.

Barley (According to Freights Outside)

No. 3 extra, 66c.
Feed barley, 60c.

Buckwheat (According to Freight Outside)

No. 2, 98c to $1.02.

Rye.

No. 2, 95c to $1.

Millfeed (Car Lots Delivered).

Bran, per ton, $28 to $30.
Shorts, $30 to $32.
Middlings, $35 to $40.
Good grain, $1.70 to $1.80.

Baled Hay.

Extra No. 2, $12 to $12.
Mixed, $10.
No. 2, $11 to $11.

Straw.

Car lot, per ton, $10 to $12.

Ontario Wheat.

No. 1 commercial, $1.36, to $1.43, outside.

Ontario No. 2 oats, 40c to 45c, outside.
Ontario Barley, 52c to 60c, outside.
Ontario flour—1st patents, $5.20 per bbl; 2nd patents, $4.80; straights, in bulk, $4.40.
Manitoba Flour—1st patents, in cotton sacks, $8.70 per barrel; 2nd patents, $8.20.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, April 10.—Live stock receipts at the Union Stock Yards for to-day market were 87 cars—Cattle, 1,183; calves, 249; hogs, 2,819; sheep, 109.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, April 10.—Cattle receipts, 75; steady.
Calves, 150; 50c higher, $2 to $12.50.
Hogs, 1,600; strong to 10c higher; heavy, $11 to $11.25; mixed, yorkers and light do, and pigs, $11.25 to $11.35; roughs, $9; stags, $4 to $5.50.
Sheep and lambs, 600; steady, unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, April 10.—Cattle, 500; compared with a week ago, practically steady on all classes, except calves, which closed 50c to 75c lower; week's top, $11.50; bulk of sales, mixed steers, $9.25; week's bulk prices on beef steers, $8.25 to $8.40; best cows and heifers, $5.25 to $6.75; stockers and feeders, $6.75 to $7.25; veal calves, $8 to $8.75; bulls, $4.50 to $5.75; calfers, $7.50 to $8.25.
Hogs, 6,500; active; mostly 5c to 10c higher than Friday's average; some medium and heavies up more; shippers and packers paid $10.60 for bulk of clearances; top, $10.85; bulk, $10.25 to $10.80; pigs, nominally steady.
Sheep, 4,500; receipts practically all packer direct. Compared with a week ago, best handy weight lambs steady to 25c lower; week's bulk prices and top; top wethers, $15.50 for $16.50; shorn, $12 to $13.75; wooled ewes, $8 to $10.

Killed by Thief.

MOOSE JAW, April 10.—Canadian Pacific Police Constable A. J. Tierney was shot and instantly killed early Saturday by one of three men detected in the act of robbing a car in the yards here.

Constables Tierney and Sutton, seeing men near a freight car, approached the car, one taking each side of it. Constable Tierney was forced to approach through the light of an arc and when passing the end of the car was shot dead from the car. One pierced his heart and he died instantly. Constable Sutton ran for the side of the car on which the shooting had occurred and fired in the direction that he could hear men running.

Tierney leaves a widow and three children.

Stolen Box Returned.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., April 10.—A tin box which was stolen from Mr. Frank Thomson's residence at Tweed and which contained some $5,000 in Liberty bonds and other valuable papers has been returned. Saturday, during the temporary absence of the family the box was returned, being placed in the same place it was taken from. No person was seen to enter or leave the premises.

The National Way TO Western Canada

THE NEW ROUTE

WINNIPEG SASKATOON PRINCE RUPERT
BRANDON CALGARY VANCOUVER
REGINA EDMONTON VICTORIA
AND ALL WESTERN POINTS

CHOICE OF ROUTES

Leave Toronto 8.45 p.m. daily, Standard Sleeping car Toronto to Winnipeg via North Bay and Cochrane. Through Tourist Sleeping car Toronto to Winnipeg on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays.

Leave Toronto 10.35 p.m. "The National" Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays via Sudbury and Port Arthur. Solid through train with Standard and Tourist Sleeping cars, Coaches, Colonist car and Dining Car Service. Connection at Winnipeg for all points West.

J. L. BOYES & SON,
TICKET AGENTS, NAPANEE.

Canadian National Railways

The MYSTERY of the SILVER DAGGER

By RANDALL PARRISH

AUTHOR of "THE STRANGE CASE of CAVENDISH"

ILLUSTRATIONS BY A. WEIL

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What should I do under these peculiar circumstances? Seek to escape during his absence, and thus frighten the covy, or remain, and trust fortune to show me a way to both expose their villainy and save myself? I was young, adventurous, and I chose the letter, thinking less of the danger, I admit, than of the mystery of the case, and—yes, the girl.

Harris had spoken confidently of gaining possession of a large sum—a million dollars, surely a stake worth daring much for—but how, by what means, did he expect to get his hands on such a fortune?

My mind reverted to the fragment of letter which had sent me on this mad chase, to its mention of a letter of credit to be deposited with the banker, Krantz, to the credit of the recipient. The writer had stated that the sum would be found ample for all needs. But a million dollars! Could it be possible that so large an amount would be thus advanced? If so, then the result hoped for must be proportionately important. To whom had this letter been sent—Alva, who apparently was the active leader here in New York, or the revolutionary representative in Washington, seemingly known as Mendez? Whichever it was, that man evidently had the disposition of this vast sum entirely at his disposal; either it was already in his hands or so deposited as to be quickly available. In my judgment the fellow would be Alva, for sundry reasons; first, he had been one of the men registered at the hotel when the lacquered box was lost; and second, the expenditure of this money was seemingly intended to be made in and about the port of New York—if I read the message right, in the purchase of arms and munitions for shipment to South America; perhaps the enlistment of a body of fighting men.

So far the matter was fairly clear—Alva as the local revolutionary agent had been intrusted by the junta with this money to spend in a certain definite way; but he must work under strict orders coming from the headquarters at Washington. He dare not assume the initiative without the "O. K." of the main higher up—Mendez. Something had occurred to delay action; that made no difference, but now the time had come. Mendez, unable to be present in person, and even fearful to permit any of his well-known local representatives to appear in this connection, had chosen to send a woman, who would be unsuspected, to deliver to the conspirators this definite plan of action. All this seemed perfectly reasonable enough, and in no way surprised me.

But the appearance of the woman did, and also the close intimacy of this man Harris. She was not criminal, not even of the insurrectionary class to my eyes, and I could not imagine what influence had ever induced her to accept such a commission. Something about her personality, some undefined quality of womanhood, had made a definite impression upon my mind, not to be effaced. Everything was against her—the saloon in which she waited alone; her coming there secretly in the night; the meeting with an unknown man; the accompanying him up that black alley to this hidden rendezvous of conspiracy. Every act stamped her as unworthy.

In spite of all this evidence as to the truth of the matter, nothing harmonized. She did not belong; the gulf was too wide. Yet there was no other explanation possible—she was actually here, in the den of conspiracy, alone among all these men, unafraid, the recognized representative of the Chilean revolutionary junta, bringing with her direct from Washington these final instructions for which they waited—instructions, no doubt, involving immediate, secret action, deft, fight-fulness, the extinction of a friendly government; all this that could be compassed by the expenditure of a million dollars in ruthless hands. It was unthinkable, yet every evidence proved it true.

There came to me an insane desire to overhear what she had to say; to watch her once more, even free to study her unnoticed, and to see this game to whose ends she brought her message. Almost without realizing my action I crept in the dark out into the narrow passage, and felt my way along the rough board walls. As I advanced cautiously the full ingenuity with which the house had been prepared for just this foul purpose became more apparent. The narrow passage I followed, my hands touching either wall, was not straight, but curved to the right, and it dawned upon me that it skirted the main apartment, where, in all probability, the conference was being held. This accounted for the fact that no gleam of light was visible, and that, in anticipation of their use, separate and small rooms had been constructed, connected together yet so isolated as to permit of the utmost privacy. One of these Harris had left me in, and now I found that the passage led me not direct to the main apartment, but to another smaller room, whose door barred my progress. This, I figured out, might be the same into which Wine had entered in search of Alva, when he deserted me in the front hallway.

I listened intently, but heard no sound within, and, satisfied the room was without occupants, ventured finally to gain a glimpse inside. It was a room not altogether unlike the one I had just left, although smaller, and containing a chair or two in addition to the writing table. I noted these things quickly, my gaze straying to a partially open door in the board wall to the right, through which a brighter glow of light streamed. My ears caught the sound of voices, the words indistinct.

Although convinced the small room was without occupants, I was some moments screwing up my courage to

Would Be Suicidal to Attempt Viewing the Room Beyond.

enter. Yet there was no other way in which I could learn the meaning of all this, or be prepared to intelligently play my part later with Harris. To trap the fellow I must know his purpose, be able to answer his inquiries, and seem conversant with his villainy.

The door opened toward me, but it would be suicidal to attempt viewing the room beyond through that opening. The only thing I dare venture was to gain such survey as was possible by means of the narrow crack below the hinge on which the door swung. This afforded me the merest glimpse of one side of the room, revealing four or five men sitting motionless on a bench against the wall, evidently listening intently to what was going on opposite them. With the exception of Wine, who was third in the row, no face I saw was in the least familiar—two being pronouncedly Spanish, the others not so easily recognized as to nationality. I had no difficulty whatever in overhearing their voices, and grasping the sense of what they were saying. As a general thing the words used were English, although occasionally some one requested an explanation in Spanish, which was immediately given. However, almost the first sentence overheard convinced me that I had arrived too late to learn directly the nature of those instructions received from Washington. Alva was asking a question.

"But we are ready to act now," he said impatiently, his foreign accent faint, yet plainly perceptible, "have been ready for a month past. What necessity then is there for further delay?"

The woman, whom he evidently addressed, must have been very close to the door; her voice soft, but speaking with clear enunciation, sounded almost within reach of my hand.

"The reason is Valparaiso, of course," she said; "it is not Washington at all. When you strike, the people must be ready there. You say you are prepared, senor. That is what I was sent to learn, and I find you are not prepared."

"Not ready! We are organized and sworn to service."

She seemed to lean forward, her voice changing almost to a whisper.

"I see that, your eagerness, your devotion. But that is not readiness for such a duty. Who has been chosen for the act itself—the post of danger?" No one. Until the man I need not name dies, we can accomplish nothing. You have taken no ballot. If the single word was flashed tonight, 'Go,' and it may be, who among you is authorized to execute the order?"

She paused, but no voice spoke.

"Nor is that all; the money from England. I see not unfavorable your instructions were clear, and nothing is being accomplished for the cause while it rests in the vault. It will require all of thirty days to distribute this into the proper hands, here and in Chile, yet nothing has been done. We supposed it was already in circulation. What caused the delay?"

One of the men on the bench spoke, a heavily built fellow, with a long gray mustache, and horn spectacles shading his eyes.

"All I know iss et vait on der order of Gustave Alva to be indorsed by Senor Mendez. I vas not asked to trust, from the agent. Et was in a private safe, a package of currency, only I know where. The bank hav' nothings to do with der deal."

"I understand. The agent gave you personally the letter of credit, which you immediately cashed, and you now hold the currency subject to call?"

"Certainly; dat vos how ett vos. The agent he tell me."

"The agent? Oh, you mean 1087 What about that arrangement, Mr. Horner?"

I recognized Harris in the reply, his voice perfectly calm and confident. In all probability he lied, but it was done most convincingly.

"Those were my positive instructions in London," he said coolly. "The banking house there was not to be involved in the slightest degree; no trace of the transaction was to appear on their books."

"But why has the money not been drawn and used?"

"That is for Alva to say. I tried to get him to act, but he refused without another authorization from Mendez, and special instructions."

"You never received these, Senor Alva?"

"No. I asked by code; I supposed he would answer by messenger."

There was a pause, a silence. I imagined I could understand something of what Harris was endeavoring to accomplish in this delay, this getting the entire sum transferred into currency in private hands. It was one more step in his intricate scheme of robbery, but an element of caution concealed as to arouse no suspicion. What else had he done to this end already? To achieve delay, and thus gain opportunity, had he intercepted, or even changed, the code message sent by Alva to Washington?

All this was possible enough, yet it was evident that the woman accepted the explanation as satisfactory.

"I do not know how true all this is," she said at last, slowly. "I was told the money was already being used. I do not believe there is any necessity of any further indorsement, as Senor Alva is working under direct commission from the junta, with full authority to act. However, I will verify this tomorrow. I am going to retire now, senors, and leave you alone to discuss the matters I have presented. Above all it is necessary that I should know at once who you select for the important work, and when we may expect results. This information I must positively take back with me."

"When do you return?"

"On the midnight train. I have three hours yet."

CHAPTER V.

A Strange Appointment.

I must have failed to grasp the full meaning of what she said, or else it never occurred to me that her retirement would be made through this particular door. At least I had pushed it wide open before I realized the necessity of retreat, and I was hemmed in behind its barrier, fortunately securely hidden from the eyes of those in the larger apartment. Some one—Alva, no doubt, from his words and voice—was beside her as she emerged, and, indeed, it might have been his hand that swung the door back against me. I stood there startled, unable to move, afraid that my very breathing might be overheard.

"You leave at midnight, you say, senorita," he protested in Spanish; "but surely you intend to remain at present?"

"Until you reach some final decision —yes; that is my mission."

"I shall see to that at once; we will draw lots. You can wait either in this room, or another just beyond. Promise you will not go until I see and talk with you again."

"I promise that—so you are not too long. I must make that train."

"You shall make it. My car is only two blocks away, and I pledge myself to have you there on time. All this business can be attended to in half an hour."

He stepped back, partially closing the door, while she turned, her own hand on the knob, and paused. Her eyes stared directly into mine, her face whitening under the light, her teeth shutting down close against the red lips as though to repress a scream. She was startled almost beyond control, yet mastered the fright instantly. She glanced about at the partially open door, and silently closed it tightly.

"What—what are you doing here?" she gasped in English, her voice trembling. "Listening?"

"No," I lied, seeing but one possible means of escape, and hoping thus to prevent her sounding an immediate alarm. "I was waiting for a friend who is inside. I just came into this room."

"You, actually belong here, then? You are one of these men?"

"Not exactly." I had to admit. "I know one of them very well, and he stationed me out here."

She appeared puzzled, doubtful, yet to my surprise still held the door tightly closed, her eyes searching my face.

"Who is the man you know—your particular friend?"

I hesitated an instant, the name escaping me.

"Horner."

"Oh, indeed; you were not very prompt to answer."

"Well," I said, and managed to smile, as though it was of little consequence, "you see I have not always known him by that name, and there are times when names need to be changed occasionally."

"True," she admitted soberly. "Do you mind gratifying the curiosity of a woman as to what his real name might be?"

"I could not, if I so desired. Ever since I knew him he has been called Harris. That is all I can say."

"Harris! Then he is not Chilean, and never before pretended to be. I thought that from the first. Is the man American, English, or Irish?"

I shook my head.

"You won't answer. That may be ignorance or it may be pretense. Never mind. I recognize your face now. You were the man eating in the saloon an hour or so ago. Were you waiting for this Horner—alias Harris—then?"

"We met later."

Her lips smiled a little, and her eyes.

"Did I merely dream that you appeared somewhat interested in me at the time, or was it true?"

"It was true." I answered honestly. "You did interest me. You didn't appear the sort to be making a rendezvous out of a saloon, however especially when you ventured the information that you were his niece."

"Did he, indeed? That was very nice of him, wasn't it? Rather odd, is it not, that you should later drop in here, and find me again. What do you think of me now?"

I looked at her for a moment before I answered, unable to frame my words to any satisfaction. What did she mean? What exactly was she driving at? Her whole manner puzzled me exceedingly. Was she playing me for a fool? Was she attempting to lead me on for some secret purpose of her own? Did she believe my explanation? and, if not, why did she fail to throw open that door, and denounce me at once as a spy? There, in that soft light, she appeared more attractive than ever, and so peculiarly womanly as to seem utterly out of place in this scene of plot and crime. It was a young face, bright, animated, which fronted me, the dark eyes smiling and unafraid, gazing straight into mine, with a challenge in their depths. Her very attitude piqued me, aroused me to defense. I desired to hold her response, her interest; nothing she might say, or do, served to lower her in my estimation to the hideous level of a political conspirator. Yet what else could she be? How could I account for her presence in this place and other theory explain that she came as a representative of Chilean intrigue? As the trusted messenger of that secret conspiracy at Santiago, under orders of the revolutionary junta at Washington? I had heard her words spoken boldly to this band of plotters, words of authority—demands they dare not ignore. No, there was no doubt as to who she was, or what she was. In spite of her face, her pleasing manner, her attractiveness of person, she was a dangerous enemy to this government which protected her, a despicable snake crawling through the dark to strike down a victim—a thing to be crushed without mercy. The very softness, womanliness, only made her the more to be feared. She should cast no spell over me. I would harden my heart, and forget all except the duty I owed my country, and that neutral nation to the south with whom we were at peace.

"Frankly, I do not know what to think." I answered at last. "Your mission here tonight, as I understand it, somehow does not fit in with my natural conception of you as a woman."

She laughed, but so low as to be inaudible to those beyond the closed door.

"You amuse me. Cannot a woman —even a womanly woman, if you please—love her country and be willing to sacrifice in its behalf?"

"Not to the extent of treachery and deceit; not to the end that innocent men and women suffer." I returned hotly, forgetting caution.

"And is that my purpose here, you think?"

"Is it not? This is a neutral land, yet what else can this conspiracy contemplate but cowardly destruction?"

"I refuse to answer—here and now, at least. Nor do I know why you should ask. Why are you here, and how? Do you realize the crime with which I could open this door, and give you over to the mercy of those men in there? After what you have just said, why do you suppose I fail to do so? Because I am such a womanly woman, perhaps."

"Rather because you have no reason to so act. I may denounce your connection with this affair, believing it no fit work for any true woman to be engaged in, and yet myself be no traitor to the cause."

"You still hold me a true woman then?"

"Yes; I may be blind, but I retain faith."

HEALTH MESSAGE TO THE WORLD

Take "Fruit-a-tives" And Make Yourself Well

"Fruit-a-tives", the marvellous medicine made from fruit juices and tonics, is the most beneficial medicinal agent that has ever been given to mankind.

Just as oranges, apples, figs and prunes are nature's own medicine, so "Fruit-a-tives"—made from these fruit Juices—but concentrated and intensified—is the greatest Stomach and Liver Medicine, the greatest Kidney and Bladder Medicine—the greatest Blood Purifier—the greatest remedy for Headaches, Constipation, Indigestion, Nervousness and Bad Complexion—in the world.

To be well, take "Fruit-a-tives"

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

"You Did Interest Me."

"That is good—yet do not trust too much in any woman. What is your name?"

"D-Daly, Harry Daly."

"You seem to have some difficulty tonight in remembering names. Does this mean you also possess a variety?"

She stopped, listening intently, her head tilted back so as to better hear what was occurring behind the closed door.

"Be quiet," she whispered, one hand held forth in swift warning. "They are through in there, I think, and Alva will be out in a moment. Now listen! Don't ask any questions, but listen. Will you pledge yourself to do whatever I say?"

"Within any reasonable limits—yes."

"Limits! Don't talk limits," impatiently. "You say you are blind, but retain faith. Act on that faith blindly. I cannot speak here; there is no time, no opportunity. Tomorrow at two o'clock, come to 247 Le Compte street. Will you?"

"Yes."

"Do not mistake the number. Ask for Miss Conrad. Now go back there and wait for Horner. Quick—they are coming."

I plunged hastily into the passage, and groped my way back between the narrow walls to the secluded room in the rear. I was too confused, too startled, to even think clearly. My conception of this woman, her nature and her purpose, had been changed a dozen times during this brief conversation. Even now I was utterly in the dark. Did the woman know me? or suspect the reason of my presence? That was manifestly impossible. She was utterly strange to me, and she was not one to be easily forgotten. Why, then, did she trust me—if it was trust?

It must be either that, or treachery of the foulest type. "247 Le Compte street"—I could not recall the neighborhood, only a vague conception of red brick buildings of exactly the same general style—probably fairly respectable boarding houses. And I was to ask for "Miss Conrad." Who might she be? Not the lady I had just left, surely, for she was scheduled to take the midnight train for Washington. "Miss Conrad" might be anything—a strange woman, an accomplice, even a disguised policeman. It masked some trick surely, of which I was quite liable to be the victim; behind my lady's smiling eyes, and cheerfulness, there was surely some marked purpose. This was the impression with which I ended—that for some end unknown she was coldly playing with me, leading me on.

I began to think Harris had gone away with the others, and left me there alone. I heard voices speaking earnestly in the distance, but without venturing torn from my hiding place. Then he appeared suddenly, bringing in his arms a bottle and a box of cigars.

"Touch a match to the gas-jet, Daly," he said, feeling for the table in the dark. "That's better. I hung around until they all got out, so as to be sure we were safely alone. Have a drink, and light up, old man. We are as secure here as we would be at the bottom of the sea. This is Alva's whisky, but good—I sampled it before."

He sat on the table, nursing his knee, rather pleased with himself, I thought, a cigar thrust between his lips, the blue smoke curling up before his face. I ignored the invitation to drink, but helped myself to a weed, waiting for him to open conversation.

"Well," he said finally, "everything is going according to Hoyle, but there

"There Is a Knot or Two Yet to Be Untied."

is a knot or two yet to be untied before we squeeze that million. Did you hear what was said in there?"

"No; you told me to stick here."

"Still in a way you're on—Waldron must have spilled part of the scheme to you, that's what got your foot in the mess. H—l! I know Ivan Waldron, the d—d Russian Jew; he'd double-cross his best friend. What was it he told you?"

"Not very much," I said, wondering how far I had better go, yet feeling it necessary to relate enough to convince him that I was really conversant with the situation, and endeavoring to imitate his style of speech. "According to his story there was a gang of conspirators here—birds from South America mostly—who had been rounded up by this fellow Alva to pull off some frightfulness, or other. I didn't catch on to just what it was, and perhaps Waldron himself didn't know, or care. Some revolution, I took it to be. Waldron explained how he got hold of the scheme. It seems he's in with the bunch to some extent; that is, they use him whenever they need to, and occasionally hand him a bunch of money—it's never too dirty for him to touch. Anyhow, he knew enough to put me wise to this dump, gave me the pass-word, and all that. It looked as though there might be something in it, so I blew over here tonight just to take a look. I was merely prowling around when I ran into you."

"I see," he muttered, as I came to an end, chewing savagely on his cigar. "Did the Russian say anything about me?"

"Not a whisper. I supposed I had a clear run for the money, except his rake-off."

"The dirty dog. Because I didn't show up on the dot, he was ready to ditch me. Now listen, and I'll tell you the straight story. I'm going to need you, and we'll divide fifty-fifty, leaving this guy to suck his thumbs. Is that a go?"

"He's sure nothing to me—shoot."

Harris poured out a stiff drink, and put it down; then touched a match to the extinguished cigar.

"Waldron sent me a cable in England about a month ago," he explained briefly. "He didn't make the thing very clear, only that he had a big deal on, and wanted me in on it. I had made enough to get back on, and took a second-class passage on the Vulcan. It was not a big boat, and, to escape close inspection, I went aboard at Queenstown. At that time I had no more notion what was up than a blind rat. I was just desperate enough to take a chance."

He paused and refit his stub, with an oath at finding it again useless.

"Then things began to happen. I was room-mate with a bird named Horner, who claimed to live in Detroit. He must have cottoned to me, for we got a bit chummy, and in that way I picked odds and ends out of him which set me thinking. He was quite a foxy bird—one of these tall, raw-boned, secretive cusses, who talk a lot, but never say nothing, and he came near getting my goat. I went through his baggage, of course, but that was just ordinary stuff—he only had one grip, which he left unlocked; but I did get onto a pocket belt the fellow wore around his waist. He never let that get away from him night or day. I studied every d—n way I could think up to get a peep at it, but nothing gave me a chance. I came near going bugs over the thing."

He laughed, exhibiting a row of rather ugly teeth behind his thin lips.

"Then the devil must have helped me. One night—five days out, for we were a slow boat—we ran into a h—l of a storm. We both of us tumbled out, and began hustling on our clothes. He was trying to get a shoe on, and went plunging head-on into the side of the ship. I reckon it nearly brained him, but, to make things sure, I handed him one to the jaw before he got his senses, and he went out for the count. Then, believe me, I didn't lose no time in frisking the guy—and, say, what do you think I found?"

I shook my head, trying to interrupt, fascinated with his description.

"The fellow was a revolutionary agent. I didn't get onto all of it then —I didn't have time, but I found a letter of credit for a million dollars, and a memoranda of how it was to be delivered. The d—n thing wasn't any good to me—it was to be paid to this fellow by a banker in New York named Krantz—but it sure made my mouth water just the same. A million dollars, good old U. S. currency. Can you beat it?"

"Looked easy—you had it, and you didn't have it."

"You said it, Daly. I didn't dare keep the thing, and it wouldn't have done me any good if I had; there was no way of my cashing the paper. What the h—l could I do? If I denounced him, the game was all off; if I held on to the stuff he'd report his loss soon as he landed in New York, and that letter of credit wouldn't be worth the paper it was written on . . . Say, I was in some boat; but, believe me, I had no notion of giving up that million—it looked darned good."

"I should say yes," and I leaned forward to show my interest. "And from what I know of you, Harris, that guy had no show on earth. Did you crank him?"

He grinned, evidently pleased at the note of admiration in my voice, and tossed down another drink.

"That never ain't been in my line. Of course I was tempted to—a cool million would tempt any guy. But I just shoved everything back exactly where it come from, and fetched the steward. Between us we hoisted Horner back into the bunk, and doused him with water till he came to. First thing he did was to feel for that belt, and he never got wise that it had ever been touched. Anyhow, he never let on to no suspicion."

CHAPTER VI.

The Deserted Automobile.

I was impatient for Him to continue, but he sat there chuckling to himself, and toying with a fresh cigar.

"Well, what did you do?"

"Played it safe and sure. I'm too old a bird to be caught napping. I put the most of that stolen bedding and cloths to Horner's head, and thinking out some plan of action. Before morning he thought I was the best fellow he ever knew, and I had the guy where I wanted him. For one of his breed, he was rather a friendly cuss. This was how I mapped it out. That letter of credit had to be turned into currency before it could do me any good, and the only way that might be done was through the guy Alva. I must get to him somehow in a way that would put me next his scheme, so I'd know when he had the cash. Once I got these details attended to a little thing like the stock was as good as my own. I knew a dozen guys that would bump Horner off for a hundred if it come to that—so the price wasn't high. A million! . . . Oh, mercy and it had dropped right into my lap. But to do this I was never sorry that I should be Horner. That was as plain as the nose on my face; as Horner, coming with credentials, and a letter of credit, Alva would be bound to receive me with open arms, see? After that I figured it would be easy enough. But how was I to become Horner?"

(To be continued.)

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Good Kind of Advertising.

A neat well-worded letterhead is a good kind of advertising for the progressive farmer. The name of the farm is the big feature of the well-planned letterhead, the chief product second, and the farmer's name third in importance.

Free Seed Oats.

Seed oats will be shipped free of charge from the Canadian prairies to drought areas in Alberta where relief is needed.

ROBERT LIGHT

DEALER IN

LUMBER, LATH and B. C. SHINGLES

Manufacturer of

Sash, Doors and all kinds of Mill Work.

Bee Hives, Fish Boxes, Etc.

Telephone 53. Napanee, Ont.

SPECIALIZE IN POULTRY

ONE BREED IS MORE SATISFACTORY THAN TWO.

Production of Table Eggs Is Said to Be More Profitable Than Growing of Poultry Meat, But the Business Is One Which Has to Be Mastered Thoroughly.

How many breeds or varieties of fowls should a poultryman attempt to maintain? This is an important question just now when so many people are turning their attention to poultry as a means of livelihood, and more particularly so because these beginners too often make the wrong decision. The first thing to be decided is the branch of the industry to be followed. Shall it be the production of table eggs, the growing of poultry meat, the raising of laying stock for others, the hatching of baby chicks for sale or the developing of breeding stock? The most profitable of these branches is the producing of table eggs, and if this is the choice no attempt should be made to specialize in any of the others—at least, not until the poultryman has thoroughly learned the business commercially.

It is true that in raising the pullet to replenish the laying flock year after year there will be surplus cockerels. These, of course, should be sold as poultry meat, either as broilers or roasters, but that is quite different from making a specialty of growing poultry meat. The secret of getting the greatest profit from egg production is in being able to contract to sell a stipulated number each week throughout the year. This cannot be done if the egg supply is heavily depleted for two or three months in the year to produce baby chicks or eggs for hatching. It is generally believed that this baby chick or hatching egg trade can be supplied by using only the extra eggs the hens are supposed to produce in the spring months without interfering with the regular contract supply. But a laying flock that is properly managed will lay no greater number of eggs in the spring months than in the months of late summer or midsummer.

Uniformity is one of the prime features demanded by all high-class trade. Eggs that are even in size and of one color will bring more per dozen than will those of various sizes or mixed colors. This being true, it is obvious that it is better to have all birds of one variety or at least of one breed.

Birds of different breeds require different management, different housing conditions and different feeding. A feeding method that would be most profitable with white Leghorn layers would make Barred Rocks so fat that production would be seriously curtailed. E. L. Ruddy of Pickering at one time kept both White Wyandottes and White Leghorns, but he soon found it more profitable to specialize in only one breed, and chose the White Wyandottes. Lyle Clark of Port Hope started with White Leghorns and Barred Rocks, but experience taught him that two breeds nullified the work without any resulting advantage, and he dropped the Barred Rocks. Similar examples by the score might be mentioned.

The egg-laying contests which are being conducted in the nine provinces under the direction of the Dominion Experimental Farms are causing considerable interest. The race is beginning to wax hot, not only between the different provinces, but also between the respective breeds. On the showing to date the Barred Rocks would seem to be the "top breed," as well as the best general purpose fowl of Canada. Pens of this variety are leading in three of the provinces—Nova Scotia, Alberta and British Columbia, the latter pens' record being the highest in the nine contests. The White Wyandottes at present, also the leaders in three provinces—New Brunswick, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. The White Leghorns, the so-called egg machines, have to be content with third position in these contests, as they only lead in two provinces.—Prince Edward Island and Ontario. This does not, however, shake in any way the confidence of the commercial poultryman in their ability to produce. The Rhode Island Reds are the leaders in Quebec. The following table gives the record of the leading pens of the various breeds in each of the provinces:

	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.
W. Leghorns	223	95	96	...
Barred Rocks	106	338	242	310
W. Wyand'tes	39	21	262	...
R. I. Reds	...	...	...	183
Anconas	...	...	...	...

	Ont.	Man.	Alta.	Sask.	B.C.
W. Leghorns	528	323	424	53	472
Bar. Rocks	396	408	532	196	606
W. Wyandtes	...	423	398	426	472
R. I. Reds	...	361	300	114	337
Anconas	375	375	206	7	299

Few Weeds Are Desirable.

Not all weeds are equally undesirable in fields, hence a detailed purity test showing the various weeds in a sample will enable the farmer to decide whether he is willing to plant the weed seeds his sample contains or whether he will look farther for pure seed. Clean seed is always obtainable, usually at a somewhat higher price. The decision must be made on an accurate and detailed test of the seed under consideration.

Rapid Growth of Chickens.

Undoubtedly chickens will grow faster when fed five times than when fed only three times daily, but it should be borne in mind that more harm can be done to the young chicks by overfeeding than by underfeeding.

Clover Seed.

Wisconsin is the biggest clover seed producing state in the Union with an average annual production of 300,000 bushels, valued at from three to four million dollars.

Insect Control.

The recommendations made for the protection of crops of all kinds from the ravages of injurious insects and plant diseases is worth many hundreds of thousands of dollars every year to Canada, according to the Dominion Entomologist, Mr. Arthur Gibson. This advice is based on the work of scientific investigators and a rough estimate of the actual saving resulting from its adoption in 1919 and 1920 is as follows: Grasshopper control, 1919 and 1920, $20,000,000; forest insects in British Columbia, yellow pine, $6,000,000; apple crop by use of new copper arsenic dust, $30,000 in 1920; by substitution of arsenate of lime for arsenate of lead, $16,200 in 1920; by adoption of Thompson bordeaux mixture and of spraying in place of lime-sulphur spray in Nova Scotia apple orchards, $400,000; control of cabbage root maggot by the use of corrosive sublimate in Ontario, $50,000 in 1920; control of Rose midge by use of tobacco dust, in Ontario, $50,000 in 1920.

A Good Filler.

A good filler can be made from old paint skins and Portland cement for stopping leaky tanks and barrels and for patching the roof around the chimney. Warm the paint skins enough to soften them, then add Portland cement to make a good stiff putty and use at once to fill the cracks and crevices.

Proper Storage of Onions.

In general, storage diseases of onions are to be controlled by the practice of sanitary measures, the sorting out of diseased bulbs at harvest, protection from rain after harvest, thorough curing and storage in a dry, well-ventilated warehouse at 32 to 35 degrees F.

Loans to Farmers.

The Saskatchewan Farm Loan Board has a total of approximately $8,250,000 out on loans to the farmers secured by first mortgage.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

This Way to Broader Markets

Right at your elbow is your Long Distance telephone. With it, you can talk with any of 12,000,000 telephones in Canada and the United States.

"Clear the Way!" Long Distance seems to say—here's an important message! The customer is favorably impressed before he knows what the message is about.

And Long Distance gives you the right of way into every man's office. He can ignore your advertising, your letter, or even your traveller, but ignore a Long Distance call? Instinctively he reaches for the telephone!

Keep down selling expense. "Use the Bell to Sell." Station-to-Station rates are lower than Person-to Person rates. After 8.30 p.m. they are about half the day rate.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

"backing up the manufacturer's guarantee"

CHEVROLET cars are backed up by genuine Chevrolet service. We are prepared to live up to the factory guarantee, because the Company backs us to the limit. The Chevrolet Motor Company recognizes its obligation to Chevrolet owners and we recognize our part in giving the kind of service which motorists have a right to expect.

When you need service or parts, make it a policy to come to our service station. Some garage men use bogus Chevrolet parts, not made by the Chevrolet Motor Company nor guaranteed by anyone. Our parts are all guaranteed Chevrolet parts and our service is organized to take care of your needs efficiently, economically and quickly.

Ask for particulars of our deferred payment plan.

AS

CHEVROLET

C. A. WISEMAN

DEALER, - NAPANEE

Young Mothers

This Advice Is Most Vital to You

Stratford, Ont. "I am very enthusiastic in my praises of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a tonic for prospective mothers. I have had experience both with the 'Prescription' and without, and am in a position to know that there is a vast difference. I was never nauseated or sick at all with my 'Prescription' babies, but I was extremely uncomfortable with others and my suffering was greater when I had not taken the 'Favorite Prescription.' I shall always take pleasure in recommending it to the prospective mothers."—Mrs. Leota M. Pepper, 114 Grange St.

Mothers Who Are Run-Down and Nervous,

Read This St. Catharines Woman's Advice

St. Catharines, Ont.—"I was in a nervous and weakened condition during my first expectant period. I really did not know what to take for relief until my husband brought me home a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it strengthened me at once. I am sure it helped to relieve me of suffering and I take pleasure in recommending it to other prospective mothers."—Mrs. Geo. Betts, 34 Lowell Ave.

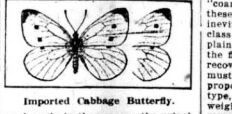
Health is of vital importance to every mother. Do not neglect the good advice you have. Get this Prescription of Dr. Pierce's from your neighborhood druggist in tablet or liquid or send 10c for trial pkg. to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgebug, Ont.

ENEMY OF CABBAGE.

Imported Butterfly Is Very Destructive Insect.

The most destructive of the many insects and other enemies of the cabbage family is the caterpillar of the imported cabbage butterfly, sometimes called the white butterfly, a familiar object to nearly everyone. This is the imported cabbage worm, and is well known to farmers throughout this country and Europe as well, and the butterfly is generally recognized as the parent of the worms.

This cabbage worm has been rightly termed the bane of the cabbage grower and the dread of every careful cook and housewife. It begins



Imported Cabbage Butterfly.

work early in the season; the principal damage is therefore to young plants, and accrues through the necessity of replanting, with attendant increase in cost of production, due to additional labor, cost of stock, and delay in getting the early or better prices in the market. After riddling the outer leaves, which remain afterwards attached to the stalk, the caterpillar attacks the tender inner leaves as they form, frequently securing itself in the immature heads, where it is difficult to reach it with insecticides, and rendering the cabbage unfit for food because of the abundant dark green excrement which it deposits. As a result, cabbages before being sent to market must be examined carefully and the damaged ones removed.

Before cooking it is frequently necessary to tear the heads apart to insure that no disgusting worms are concealed within, and even after the vegetable is prepared for the table there is danger of an admixture of animal matter with the vegetable food. In cool weather the caterpillar often feeds freely exposed on the surface of the leaves in the sunshine.

Frequently the caterpillar bores into the center of the cabbage, attacking what is commonly known as the "heart," and then the entire head is worthless for market.

Pruning Hints.

In a letter advocating a style of pruning for young trees entirely different to that followed by orchardists of Ontario generally, in the past, E. F. Palmer, director of Vineland Horticultural Experiment Station, points out that the reason for the unpruned or lightly pruned tree being larger than the tree receiving more severe treatment is in reality very simple and logical. The soil may contain an abundance of plant food, but this "raw" food must first go to the leaves and be there turned into "manufactured" food before the tree can make use of it for further growth and fruitfulness. Pruning, by removing part of the possible leaves of the tree, reduces by just that much the ability of the tree to manufacture plant food, and thus checks growth.

Mr. Palmer makes the following pruning recommendation: Head back the young tree at planting time, as is the best practice, to compensate balance the root pruning incident to transplanting. Limit subsequent pruning of the non-bearing tree to the removal of undesirable branches and even then thin out too little rather than too much. Head back a branch only when necessary to shape the tree and then head back preferably to a side branch. Prune lightly, recognizing that light pruning for peach would be moderate pruning for the apple. As the tree reaches maturity and bears heavily, heavier pruning will have to be given to maintain a proper supply of new growth.

Dry Juices.

It would be very convenient to keep in the pantry fruit juices in the form of dry powders, so that one could mix a glass of lemonade or orangeade or other beverage offhand. They would be useful, also, for cooking. A newly patented process for making such powders consists in mixing the fruit juice with gelatinized starch and reducing the solution to a dry product by atomizing it into a current of dry, warm air.

Turn About—

Ex-King Ferdinand of Bulgaria has appealed for aid to Premier Stamboulisky, whom when king he kept in prison for two years.

HOGS NOT RIGHT WEIGHT.

Some Figures That May Help Canadian Farmers.

Last winter witnessed an alert revival of interest in hog raising as a source of steady revenue, especially for the mixed farm. This was the outcome of the conference called by the Dominion Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, and the wide publicity given to the keen competition which must be met on the British market, set chiefly by Danish exporters. Signs of this awakened interest can be traced in almost every report of farmers' gatherings from east to end of the Dominion. A healthy sign of intelligent way in which the producers are seeking the facts of the new conditions in our markets. If this spirit continues those nearest the industry state there need be no questioning the ultimate success of the effort to restore our bacon export trade to its proper position.

The fact which, no doubt, will greatly surprise the majority of hog raisers is that only a little over one-half of the number purchased by meat packers in Ontario and Quebec can be graded into the desired weights set by the Ottawa conference for select bacon hogs. An actual count has been kept in one month by eleven packing plants operating in Ontario and Quebec. Classifications were made over 40,000 units. The records show that farmers pay little attention to marketing hogs at the proper weights, to say nothing of bacon quality. The percentages and ratios of all hogs bought, leaving out sows and stags, were as follows:—

	Percentage of 160 to 210 lbs.	Other weights.	Percentage desired.
Wk. end. at plant.			
Nov. 26 ..	12,952	10,073	56.25
Dec. 3 ..	10,544	10,564	57.62
Dec. 10 ..	13,585	9,871	57.92
Dec. 17 ..	15,423	12,987	54.33

The desired weights of 160 to 210 lbs. alive at the packing plant mean roughly 170 to 220 lbs. at the farm. These are the weights at which, from the point of economical production, it will best pay the farmer to sell. From the standpoint of building an export bacon trade they are the weights the packer must have. Some of the hogs of undesirable weight would have made select bacon if they had not been marketed unfinished or overfinished. But, being outside the weights required to make good "Wiltshire sides" they had to be excluded.

The bearing of these figures will be obvious to farmer-producers. It means that even in the best producing provinces of the Dominion only about one-half of the hogs sent to market come within the weight limits which form, as it were, the first "coarse screen" grading. Out of these a considerable proportion will inevitably be too short and thick to class as select bacon hogs. It will be plain under the circumstances that the first and most important step to recover the British bacon market must lie in breeding a much larger proportion of hogs of the required type, in marketing them at proper weights, and the abandonment of some lines of breeding now followed largely on wrong ideas of what Canadian hog products must eventually be marketed.

When to Use Axe.

Disease is one of the handicaps to successful poultry keeping and should be guarded against at all times. Unless kept in a healthy condition, chicks will not grow properly and mature fowls will lose their vigor and vitality and become unproductive and unprofitable.

It is far better to prevent disease by proper care and attention than to attempt to cure a bird after it is sick. Therefore it is important to watch the flock closely at all times for any signs of disease, so in case an outbreak occurs it may be checked at once. Prevention is always better than cure, and all those who wish to succeed with poultry should give their birds such good care and keep their houses so well cleaned and disinfected that both fowls and chicks will keep hardy and vigorous.

Some diseases may be treated successfully, while others of a more serious nature usually prove fatal. If only one or two birds of a flock become sick it is usually advisable to kill them immediately (unless they are choice specimens) and burn or bury the carcasses, say poultry specialists. If the birds are kept and an attempt is made to doctor or cure them the disease may prove contagious and spread throughout the entire flock.

Better Sires.

A gain of 17 per cent. in milk production and 20 per cent. in butterfat production in daughters over their dams because of the use of a pure-bred bull is reported by the cow-testing association of New Windsor, Mr., which has a bull association as a subsidiary. The records of 21 cows were compared with the records of their 21 daughters after the latter had become mature cows. The average production of the dams for one year was 5,550 lbs. of milk and 218 lbs. of butterfat. The daughters averaged 6,523 lbs. of milk and 263 lbs. of butterfat, a gain over the mothers of 973 lbs. of milk and 45 lbs. of fat. In the association every one of the daughters sired by one of the three association bulls was better than her dam. One of the bulls produced an average improvement in his daughters of 1,414 lbs. of milk and 62 lbs. of butterfat.

DOUGLAS EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

THE FARMER'S FRIEND

Relieves caked bag, garget, spider or infection of the teat, also thrush in horses' feet, fistula, etc. Stops bleeding at once. Removes proud flesh, soreness and swelling.

At all Dealers and Druggists.

Manufactured only by DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, Ont.

AUDITORS' REPORT, TOWN OF NAPANEE, 1921

To the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of Napanee, Ont.

Gentlemen,—We your Auditors, duly appointed to audit the accounts of the Town for the year 1921, beg leave to report as follows:

We have carefully checked the Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasurer and find the entries have been properly recorded, vouchers for payments having been produced.

We hand you herewith a Detailed Statement of Receipts and Expenditures, an Abstract Statement of the School Accounts, and a Statement from the Collector's Roll.

We do not consider that the book used by the Collector is at all suitable or ruled for the Town of Napanee, and would strongly recommend that when the roll is handed to the Collector it should have the various amounts to be collected from each taxpayer entered in a proper column opposite the name of the taxpayer.

We also present a statement of the Dundas Paving Account prepared from the statement furnished by the Merchants Bank, against which we have checked vouchers as far as they were obtainable. Several of the taxpayers took advantage of the discount and made full settlement of the claim against their respective properties paying to the Town Treasurer the sum of $8,633.70, which amount was deposited in the Merchants' Bank to the credit of Dundas Paving Account.

Your clerk holds bonds for the Treasurer for the sum of $8,000.00, and for the Collector for the sum of $5,000.00.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. C. BAKER,
C. B. CREIGHTON,
Auditors.

Napanee, Ont., March 3rd, 1922.

To the Council of the Corporation of Napanee, and
The Public Utilities Commission:—

Gentlemen,—We your Auditors, appointed by the Council to audit the accounts for the year 1921, beg leave to report as follows:

We have carefully checked the Receipts and Expenditures of the Water Works Maintenance Department, and present herewith a report on same from November 1st, 1920, to December 31st, 1921. Our reason for preparing a complete new statement is that under the head of Receipts the amount of accounts due and uncollected is entered as having been received, and we maintain this should not be included as Receipts. Again the printed statement shows only the transactions to December 15th, and the Act requires that a complete statement shall be given up to and including December 31st, 1921.

In the items of Expenditures we find several amounts for which there are no vouchers and we would recommend that in future a voucher be obtained for each and every disbursement.

We also find that the discounts on water rates were allowed to many for some considerable time after the date when such allowance should be discontinued.

In view of the fact that there are frequent changes in tenancy which makes it difficult to collect rates from the proper party, thereby occasioning loss of revenue, we would recommend for your consideration the advisability of assessing water rates to the owner of the property and leaving it for him to collect from his tenants.

We find the Canal and Adjacent Land Account to be correct as per printed statement to December 15th, and we have prepared a Supplementary Statement from December 15th to December 31st, inclusive.

The Net Balance standing to the Debit of Plant Extension Account is $38,038.32.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. C. BAKER,
C. B. CREIGHTON,
Auditors.

Napanee, Ont., March 3rd, 1922.

NAPANEE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

Abstract Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ending 31st of December, 1921:—

Income		Expenditure	
Cash bal. Jan. 1, 1921	$6022 04	Salaries, teachers	$13710 00
Leg. grant	$1345 86	Salaries, caretakers	783 30
Less super.	313 50	Salary, Sec.-Treas.	175 00
	$1032 36	Salary, School Attendance Officer	25 00
Leg. grant Cadet Corps	50 00	Fuel	1111 90
Leg. grant, Militia and Defence	54 00	Insurance	464 56
Municipal grant, Town	9100 00	Expense miscellaneous	255 97
Municipal grant, County	6580 79	Equipment	319 99
Fees, examinations	196 00	Permanent improvements	828 36
Fees, non-residents	216 09	Examinations	483 46
Superannuation	342 75	Supplies	635 39
Interest	46 33	Repairs	400 12
	$23640 36		$19193 85
Napanee, Dec. 31st, 1921.		Bal. Dec. 31st, 1921	$ 4446 51

NAPANEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Abstract Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ending 31st of December, 1921:—

Income		Expenditure	
Cash on hand, Jan. 1, '21	$ 2744 60	Salaries, teachers	$11732 00
Municipal grant	12018 00	Salaries, caretakers	815 00
Leg. grant	8414 81	Salary, Sec.-Treas.	125 00
Less	281 25	Salary, School Attendance Officer	25 00
	$ 130 56	Fuel	1278 65
Superannuation tax	285 75	Supplies	196 76
Fees, non-residents	119 75	Repairs	266 77
		Expense	192 20
		Insurance	251 05
		Permanent improvements	374 21
		Bal. Dec. 31st, 1921	42 02
	$15298 66		$15298 66
Napanee, December 31st, 1921.			

STATEMENT FROM TAX COLLECTOR'S ROLL, DEC. 31st, 1921

Amount of Uncollected Taxes, December 31st, 1920	$ 4221 83
Amount of Uncollected Taxes on return of roll, July, 1921	110 08
Amount of Taxes actually collected of 1920 Roll	$ 4111 75
Amount of cash actually collected to return of Roll	1419 86
Penalties collected	$ 308 11

1921 ROLL

General Taxes	$70748 21	
Local Improvement	1744 49	
Street Sprinkling	1861 87	
Dundas Street Service	1472 66	
1920 Arears, plus ten per cent.	121 08	
	$75948 31	
Uncollected Taxes, Dec. 31st, 1921		$ 5869 86
Vouchers		4310 49
Amount collected Sept. 1st, to Dec. 15th, as per printed statement		65499 35
Amount deposited in bank on Dec. 29th		171 09
Amount collected Dec. 30th, and in Coll. hands		103 32
		$75953 93
Total for collection as per above		$75948 31
Surplus unaccounted for		$ 5 62

C. B. CREIGHTON,
A. C. BAKER,
Auditors.

Napanee, Ont., February 22nd, 1922.

Law Against Beetles.

The "Memoires de la Societe Royal Academique de Sarsol" give a curious account of proceedings taken against beetles in 1445 and 1487. They had committed great ravages in the St. Julian's vineyards. Having listened to counsel on either side, the judge suggested that the vine growers should cede to the defendants land where they could live without trespassing on the vineyards, otherwise he ordered that the vineyards should be respected by the beetles under certain penalties. The beetles lawyer protested that the land was barren, and the court appointed assessors to survey. They reported favorably, but the beetles raised a legal quibble and so it went on, but what the upshot was is not known owing to the destruction of the document.

Wind.

The exact direction and velocity of the wind can now be ascertained to as high as eight miles above the earth with special telescopes and gas-filled balloons.

Gross Angry.

A definite statement was made in Montreal by L. A. Taschereau, Premier of Quebec, to the effect that the Quebec Government would not permit the province to be depleted of any more industries, or deprived of the opportunity to obtain sites by reason of the Ontario laws which allowed municipalities to grant exemptions, free sites and bonuses to industries. This system, he said, had already taken several industries from that part of Canada. Mr. Taschereau said that he had communicated with the Ontario Government with regard to this matter, asking that legislation be passed similar to that in force in Quebec, which prohibited such inducements to industries. If the Ontario Government refused to do this, the Premier said the Quebec Government would pass legislation granting the right to municipalities to give exemption from taxation and free sites as inducements to industries, but no bonuses. "I do not intend to see a single other industry taken from this province in this way," said the Premier.

Broken Lenses or Broken Spectacles

Bring us the pieces of your broken lens or spectacles. We have the best repair service.

New lenses made to order, or supplied from stock.

Your eyes can be tested and properly fitted for new glasses by H. E. SMITH, the Optometrist.

It is well to have an extra pair when accidents happen.

Call on our Optical Department.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

Plain Talks - No. 8

DEAR PEOPLE,—

We desire to impress you with our thanks for your kind patronage. It is sure a pleasure to find new customers and still hang on to the old ones. Now, if your boots are well fixed, they are fixed with us; and if they are fixed with us, they are fixed well! So beware of imitators who would pose as practical shoe makers, and come to the old reliable stand where materials and workmanship are always of the same high standard, for with us the price alone is low. (Fair dealing) is our motto, and reductions in price were made by us first.

We lead, others follow.

Town Price		Our Price
$1.45	Men's Soles	$1.30
.50	Men's Heels	.40
1.10	Ladies' Soles	.90
.35	Ladies' Heels	.25

Skates sharpened on our new machine.
Skate straps 25c.
Hockey laces.
Horseshide oil-taned Shoepacks, $2.60.
Arch supports to fit, $2.75.
With adjustments, $3.75.

WELCOME, WINTRY WINDS?

What did you do with your summer's dough?
It's gone; and you hate to tell.
Soon we'll have both hail and snow,
It sure would make one yell.
But I we should worry! let it come.
The wintry winds we'll greet,
For we were shod at the Hospital
And we shall have dry feet.
Hog! Dog! nor devil, do we fear,
For our understanding's good;
Our sox are dry, our feet are glad,
We did as wise fools should.

For a first-class job on the shortest notice, try the

Boot & Shoe Hospital
Opposite Royal Hotel

HAIR CUTS 25c.

F. S. SCOTT'S BARBER SHOP
JOHN STREET

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burned great and little toe joints enlarge and a cramp like pain known as "Morton's Toe" develops.

This condition, as well as acute, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and in many cases permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's
Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot trouble is, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practitioner—a man who knows all about foot troubles—and who knows all about Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Ladies! with Colorite you can make your last year's straw hat like new! Sixteen beautiful shades to choose from.—WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

Bring your can and get the best Separator Oil, 25c. a quart—at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Horse clippers in various styles at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

"Don't do anything, till you do it.; and when you've done it, stop doing it."—William Gillette.

The Adolphustown Women's Institute will meet at the home of Miss L. Carr, on Wednesday, afternoon, April 12th.

Stop talking about your troubles. Take Tanlac. Tanlac is sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited, and by leading druggists everywhere.

Mr. M. Maker has again taken possession of the Strand Theatre and is in Toronto for a few days in connection with theatre business. The theatre will be reopened on Saturday with a special programme.

The Rev. W. E. Millson, the special preacher in Grace church this Passion week, is reaching the hearts of the people by the broad humanity and directness of his messages. The attendance every night at 7:30 is splendid. The meetings will continue nightly, closing on Good Friday. The attendance is large.

The death occurred at 6 o'clock on Thursday morning, of Freeman Peters, aged eighty-seven years, for some time an inmate at the Home for the Aged, Kingston. Deceased has been confined to the General Hospital. He was born at Wilton, was a widower, and a Methodist in religion. One son and one daughter live at Snow Road.

Harry Johnston, who was taken to the General Hospital on Wednesday with a broken and lacerated arm, as the result of an accident in Gibbard's furniture factory, was treated and the hand and arm saved. One bone of the forearm was split and the elbow broken, but the doctor in attendance reports the patient as doing nicely.

On Sunday the infant son of Mr. Ross Sills passed away in a Toronto hospital from diphtheria. Mrs. F. J. Roblin went to Toronto a couple of weeks ago to take charge of the child, but was advised not to bring it to Napanee for a couple of weeks. A couple of days ago the baby took diphtheria and died Saturday. The remains were brought to Napanee and placed in the vault, where the body of the late Mrs. Sills awaits interment.

Mrs. Therese Oronhyatekha, widow of Dr. Ackland Oronyatekha, died Sunday at the Toronto general hospital, where she underwent an operation on Saturday. Mrs. Oronhyatekha, who was, prior to her marriage, Miss Therese Hansen of Christiania, Norway, met her husband when he was travelling around the world with his father, Dr. Oronhyatekha, who was the founder of the Independent Order of Foresters, and for years its Supreme Chief Ranger. Dr. Oronhyatekha, son., and his son, Dr. Acland, both died in 1907.

Deseronto, April 6.—Arthur Simmons, generally known as "Nicky Powles," one of the workmen at the Olympic Powder factory, was severely burned on the arms, chest, stomach and other parts of the body. "Nicky" had left the powder room to prepare his noonday lunch in a nearby shack and was in the act of fixing the fire to heat his tea and cook some eggs when his clothing caught fire. The quickness and intensity of the burning was accelerated because of the fact that his clothing was saturated with powder dust which had accumulated during the pursuit of his duties.

That there are some pretty smooth characters in this village is quite evident judging from a robbery which took place Wednesday. Some time during the day the residence of Frank Thompson, near the C.P.R. station, was entered and a small tin box carried off which contained $3,500 in Victory Bonds and a lot of notes and other valuable papers. The thief was evidently well acquainted with the premises and knew just what he was looking for where to find it, as Mrs. Thompson was only away from the house for a short time, and during her absence Mr. Thompson was in the yard piling wood. The Victory Bonds, we understand, were fully registered.—Tweed News.

CHOICE OF ROUTES TO WESTERN CANADA.

The Canadian National Railway in addition to providing unexcelled service between Eastern and Western Canada offers patrons optional routes. You may travel westward via the Port Arthur-Fort William route returning by the northern route via Cochrane and North Bay, or via versa. This means that you are in new environments continuously. A train leaves Toronto (Grand Trunk Ry.) at 8.45 p.m., carrying Standard Sleeping Car to Winnipeg via North Bay, Cobalt and Cochrane daily, and through tourists sleeping car Toronto to Winnipeg on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays.

"The National" a solid through train leaves Toronto for Winnipeg at 10.35 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday via Sudbury and Port Arthur with standard and tourist sleeping cars, coaches, colonists car and dining car service.

Get full particulars, reservations, etc., from local Agent, or nearest Agent of the Canadian National-Grand Trunk Railways.

J. D. BOYES & SON, Napanee Agents.

19-e

Genuine White Lead, best Boiled Oil and Turpentine always in stock at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mrs. Cornell is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Powell spent the week-end in Peterborough.

Mrs. H. McConachie is visiting her son in Guelph.

Miss Vera Shorey has returned to Watertown, N. Y.

Mrs. T. B. Wallace returned on Friday from Toronto.

Mr. P. Gleeson was in Toronto a few days last week.

Mrs. G. A. Wallace is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Chas. VanVandervoort is in Toronto for a few days.

Mr. Chas. Stevens was in Toronto a few days last week.

Mrs. J. R. Dafoe has returned from spending a month in Toronto.

Mr. John Vankoughnett, Toronto, is spending a few days in Napanee.

Mrs. J. Kring and son, Hubert, Croydon, are visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Hattie Dawson, Tamworth, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. T. Walters.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Pybus, of Govan, Sask., are visiting friends in Napanee.

Miss Lena Graham, Herkimer, N. Y., is visiting her mother, Mrs. C. A. Graham.

Mr. Gilbert Gill, of the Dominion Bank staff, has been transferred to Oshawa.

Miss Grace McConachie, Montreal, spent the week-end at her home in Napanee.

Miss Ada Congright, Rochester, is spending her holidays with her parents, South Fredericksburgh.

Miss Maria Grange, who has been very ill in Ottawa, has been removed to the Hotel Dieu, Kingston.

Mr. Powers, Pontypool, spent a couple of days recently visiting his daughter, Mrs. G. H. Barham, Roblin.

J. J. Weston, manager of the Hudson Tire Co., Toronto, spent a couple of days recently at R. Z. Bushs', South Napanee.

Messrs. W. S. Herrington, Dr. J. P. Vrooman and T. B. Wallace were in Switzerland a couple of weeks ago and called on Mrs. Wilkinson at the Hotel Suisse, in Moutreaux. Mrs. Wilkison expects to pay a short visit to Canada this summer.

DEATHS

Birrell—At North Fredericksburgh, on Friday, April 7th, 1922, Elizabeth Grass, beloved wife of Mr. John Birrell, aged 32 years, 2 months.

Loynes—At Lonsdale, on Friday, April 7th, 1922, Martha Lyones, aged 68 years, 2 months, 4 days.

For the newest and best in Ladies' Ready-to-wear go to Mrs. J. Sagar's, just west of the Campbell House.

REINDEER FOR CANADA'S NORTHLAND

The value of the reindeer to the native inhabitants of Labrador and Northern Canada generally has led to efforts again being made to build up herds of these animals in the regions referred to. The Hudson's Bay Company has taken hold of the enterprise, and recently landed 628 reindeer, most of them at Baffin Land some months ago. Because reindeer, in common with other animals, are liable to certain diseases and parasitical infestations, the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, through the Health of Animals Branch, has seen to it that the imported stock included only healthy specimens. The inspection of the animals was made by Dr. E. A. Watson, Chief Animal Pathologist, who was sent to Norway to examine the shipment before embarkation.

Some years ago importations were made by Dr. Grenville in connection with his mission work in the Labrador. The herd prospered well while under the care of Lapp herders, but after the Lapps returned to their native land the animals became scattered and lost. Most of the 628 reindeer comprising the present shipment have been landed in good condition, and it is hoped that a beginning has been made in establishing a reindeer industry which may prove of great value to Canada.

"O satisfy us early with Thy mercy, that we may rejoice and be glad all our days," Ps. 90:14; "The Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, shall teach you all things" John 14-26; "In all their affliction He was afflicted, and the angel of His presence saved them: in His love and in His pity He redeemed them," Isa. 63-9; "Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners," 1 Tim. 1-25; "Seek ye the Lord while He may be found, call ye upon Him while He is near," Isa. 55-6.

Come to us, Saviour: in our own dejection,
Speak calmly to our wild and passionate grief,
Bring us the hopes and thoughts of resurrection,
Bring us the comfort of a true belief.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Taxi Service

Headquarters at Wiseman's Garage
At your service DAY or NIGHT.

Day 'Phone 233
Night 'Phone 118 J **M. B. Judson**

Good Friday, April 14th,—Our Store will be Closed All Day

Starting at the Top with Hats

We Can Clothe you down to Silk Stockings FOR EASTER.

Every Department is well equipped with Large Assortments of Exclusive Yet Moderately Priced Merchandise.

Rarely has Fashion and Value been so Successfully Combined as in our Easter Display of Millinery

Our Easter display of Millinery truly voices the spirit of the times, as it offers a wide selection of ultra modish one-of-a-number Hats at prices well within the reach of those of moderate purse, and of those who are exacting in style and trimming.

Many colorful flowers, saucy quills, handsome ornaments, gay ribbons, all unite to adorn shapes which possess unusual smartness of line.

All colors of the rainbow are in evidence, while black is about as popular as ever.

Here are Hats in Sailor and ready-to-wear styles.
Here are Hats for school girls, and those who go to business.
Here are Hats to go with mother's suit or daughter's sport coat.
Here are Hats for every occasion.
Here we can make you Hats to your own requirements.
Exclusive in style. Moderate in price.
Choose early. Do not wait until the last moment, please.

Many Women will be Choosing a Coat for Easter

Here they are Aplenty in Various Colors and Numerous Styles.—All Sizes

Special Saturday Sale of Girls' Sport Coats —at— $11 each

Worth more without a doubt

Many in Velour as high as $16.50 in price.

Others in Cheviot at $13.50.

Still more in Polo Cloth at $16.50.

A few in Wool Tweeds that were $15.95.

This group offers many interpretations of the Spring vogue in Girls' Sport Coats.

Sizes from 14 to 40.

Colors of Sand, Fawn, and Taupe and Blue.

Sale starts 8.30 Saturday Morning, April 15th.
Come early.

Lovely Spring Coats and Wraps for Easter Wear from $25 to $35 in price.

Fashions fondness for soft finished Fabrics as

Velours, Duvetyns, Bolivias, and Lamolas,

is evidenced in this ultra beautiful range of modish Coats and Wraps.

Many are in loose back styles.

Others are belted.

Several feature full length Tuxedo Collars.

While still more have wide bell sleeves.

Silk stitching, unique embroidery, pockets and buttons are a part of every coat.

The Famous English Burberry is Decidedly Popular in Canada

While our various Coats are exact style replicas of Coats made by recognized English tailors, yet everyone is made by Canadian workmen.

In some instances the Fabrics used are English, while others are made from Canadian Tweeds.

Every Coat is faultlessly tailored and beautifully finished to every individual detail.

These styles are always "In" and never "Out."

Priced from $25.00 to $55.

All sizes.

WITH THE RUSH OF SPRING, WAISTS HAVE COME BACK TO THEIR OWN

Charming to an inexpressable degree are the newer Spring Waists which one must choose to accompany the Easter Suit.

For suit wear are Waists composed of Crepe-de-Chene and Georgette. Nine out of every ten are made in tie-back style, and nine out of every ten women can gracefully wear them. Lace is one of the chief modes of trimming which usually fashions the collar be it Tuxedo, Bramley, or Peter-Pan.

Crisp and new are the Waists in Dimity and Voile. In all white or with neat touches of checked gingham, no one can help but be charmed with their smartness. Being washable they are practical for jumper suit or to wear with separate skirt. Our assortments are unlimited.

Equally as clever are the styles in Natural Pongee and Habutai Silk.

LUSTROUS LOVELY SILKEN DRESSES TO WEAR ON EASTER AND THE DAYS THAT FOLLOW

At no other time have we offered you such a wonderful assemblage of Silk Dresses.

Individuality is the key-note of this display as there are hardly any two alike. Choosing from such an assortment enables one to choose that which best expresses her own personal requirements.

Taffeta Silk Dresses, with their artistic becoming drapes, are smart as they are spring-like. All colors including black, with orange organdie trimming.

Ranking high in fashion's fancy are gowns fashioned in Crepe-de-Chene, Canton, and Moon-glo-Crepe. These invariably have sleeves of different color which are undeniably pretty.

Every garment is exclusive.
For its character, moderate in price.

MADE-TO-MEASURE CLOTHING "FIT-REFORM"

For the man who wishes his Clothing made-to-measure our special order service will prove of great assistance.

The new styles and cloths are now ready for your choosing.

The values are such that it gives us a great deal of pleasure to show. The assortment is very large, hundreds of cloths to select from. Our guarantee is back of every garment. The fit and workmanship must be satisfactory or no sale. When you order a suit or overcoat here the best designers in Canada —the men who originate the styles that the best dressers wear—are at your service.

The "Fit-Reform" organization attracts the very best tailors in the land. They have their foreign buyers who visit the English, Scotch and Irish mills and procure exclusive patterns. Buying in very large quantities direct from the mills insures obtaining the very lowest cash prices.

Will be pleased to demonstrate what splendid satisfaction we can give you in made-to-measure garments.

"Fit-Reform" Made-to-Measure Suits are priced at from $30 to $50.

MEN'S ODD TROUSERS $2.50 TO $5.00

A splendid assortment in neat stripes, assorted checks and plain materials. Well made garments of Tweeds and Worsteds. Almost every man will wear out two pairs of trousers to one coat, and our assortment being so varied you are reasonably certain to find something here to go nicely with your coat.

Sizes 29 to 46 inch waist.
Length up to 36 inch.

Specially priced at from $2.50 to $5.00

MEN'S FELT HATS

Easter calls for a new hat and we are in a position to serve you with the sweetest range of **MEN'S HATS** that we have yet carried.

We are featuring a special at $2.50 and a special at $3.50 in the very newest shapes and colorings.

Also the Christie, one of England's best, **at $6.00.**
Choose your Easter Hat at Robinson's.

MEN'S SPRING CAPS

Every one a seller. Light and Dark Greens, Tans, Fawns, Light Greys, Light Grey and Medium Grey Overchecks, assorted Dark Greys, etc. Several styles of pleats. All with unbreakable peaks.

From $1.50 to $2.25.

MEN'S UNLINED GLOVES

A very necessary article for Easter. A splendid range of Tan Capes, Grey Suedes, Grey and Fawn Chamoisettes.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.